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EDMONTON

All Roads Lead to Chinook District, the Heart of the Golden Wheat Belt

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 16 — Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, December 24, 1931 — No. 36

To our friends and Customers - - - -

we wish you all The Season's Greetings

Red & White Store
Owned and Operated by
Acadia Produce Co.
C. W. RIDEOUT — GEO. E. AITKEN

Christmas Greetings

and Happy, Prosperous Days within the coming Year

To Our Advertisers, Subscribers and Friends:

WE fully realize what your co-operation has done for us during the past, and to all who have in any way contributed to the success of our business, we extend our sincerest thanks.

It is our earnest desire that the friendly relations now existing may still continue during 1932, and that we may always merit the patronage extended to us in the days gone by.

We wish you all the Merriest of Christmases and a Prosperous New Year.

Chinook "Advance"

We extend to you, one and all, our Best Wishes for the Holiday Season

HURLEY'S

Christmas Greetings

In grateful appreciation of your good will and patronage we wish you all the joys of the Chrismas season.

We enter the New Year with a determination to excel our past efforts to serve you. - - - -

H. W. BUTTS
Barber and Billiard Hall

A Christmas Thought

We Wish You a Merry Christmas!

May it be a happy, joyful and bountiful day! And may the coming year hold for you new measures of health, success and prosperity.

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

A Prayer

LET ME DO MY WORK EACH DAY AND IF THE darkened hours of depair overcome me, may I not forget the strength that comforted me in the desolation of other times.

May I still find the bright hours that found me walking over the silent hills of my childhood, dreaming on the margin of the quiet river, when a light glowed within me and I promised my early God to have courage amid the tempest of the changing years.

Spare me from bitterness and from sharp passions of unguarded moments. May I not forget that poverty and riches are of the spirit,

Lift my eyes from the earth and let me not forget the use of the stars. Forbid THAT I SHOULD JUDGE OTHERS LEST I CONDEMN MYSELF. Let me not follow the clamour of the world, but walk calmly in my path.

Give me a few friends who will love me for what I am and keep forever burning before my vagrant steps the kindly light of hope.

Though age and infirmity overtake me and I come not within sight of the castle of my dreams, teach met yet to be thankful for life, for golden memories that are good and sweet and may the evening's twilight find me gentle still.—Selected.

While shepherds watched their flocks afar
 Wise men followed a wondrous star.
Through distant lands it led the way
 To Him who in a manger lay.

They left Him with their gifts of gold,
 The story of His birth they told,
And spread the tidings far and near,
 That world old message of good cheer.

Though centuries have passed since then,
 We've kept the faith of those wise men;
And hope that with all may abide
 A Lasting Peace this Christmas tide.

We wish you A Merry Christmas

IN EXTENDING TO YOU THE SEASON'S GREETINGS we want to tell you that we are glad to count you among our friends.

During the past it has been a pleasure to serve you and we hope that in the future we may be able to serve you even better than in the past.

Wishing you heaps of happiness and prosperity!

COOLEY BROS.
Phone 10, Chinook

To Our Many Customers and Friends we Extend Best Wishes for a Merry Christmas and Health, Happiness and Bountiful Harvests in the New Year.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Ltd.
No. 4

Christmas Greetings

In extending the compliments of the season we desire to express the wish that yours may be a Christmas full of happiness as well as a New Year which will bring to you a satisfying measure of prosperity.

Imperial Building Supplies
Chinook, Alta. — Limited

Reserve your room now
——from January 1st, 1932——

Chinook Hotel
(known until January 1st, 1932, as the "Acadia" Hotel)

Only $10 per month for room number (2nd floor) 47, 49, 51, 53, 55 and 57
Only $1 per month for room number (2nd floor) 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, and 58
Only $15 per month for room number (2nd floor) 30, 32, 34, 41, 43 and 45
Only $18 per month for room number 2nd (floor) 4, 40, 42, 44 and 46
Only $20 per month for room number (2nd floor) 31, 33, 35, 36, 37 and 38
Only $22 per month for room number (first floor) 19, 21, 23, 25, 27 and 29
Only $25 per month for room number (first floor) 18, 20; 22, 24, 26 and 28
Only $28 per month for room number first floor) 1, 3, 5; 11, 15 and 17
Only $30 per month for room number, 10, 12, 14 and 16
All other guest rooms reserved

BEST MEALS SERVED IN THE EMPIRE, $1.00 per day— home fashion style—all you want and all you can eat. First come, first served. Mail reservation to

Golden Wheat Realty Trust
Chinook, Alberta
Heart of the Golden Wheat Belt
Where ALL roads lead to

Chritmas Greeting
1931

TO OUR MANY FRIENDS: It gives us sincere pleasure at this time to look back upon the cordial relations that have existed between us and the general public during the past two years, and may I hope for my successor, Capt. Peters, the same goodwill and friendship. May your Christmas be a joyous one and the New Year bring You a full meaaure of good fortune, happiness and success.

ACADIA HOTEL
J. G. Connell

A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year is our sincere wish to our friends and customers.

Banner Hardware

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut
Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco
with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

Marconi's Great Achievement

Millions of the earth's inhabitants sat in homes, offices, hotels, clubs, in railmay trains and on ships, on December 12 last, and enjoyed one of the most marvellous demonstrations yet known in an age of marvels. People of many races, black, white and yellow, speaking a veritable babel of languages, and of many creeds were, for the time being, brought together as one great family to enjoy an entertainmnet to which fifteen nations contributed and in which all participated.

The event was a world-wide radio hook-up to commemorate an achievement of thirty years ago which has revolutionized methods of communication, transformed social conditions, altered our fornis of entertainment and instruction, and been the means of saving countless numberss of lives.

Thirty years ago, (December 12, 1901), at noon, a young man of vision, imbued with the enthusiasm and confidence of youth, sat in an old shack on Signal Hill, Newfoundland, and waited patiently for something to happen; something which, to the knowledge of man, had never before occurred. He was Marconi awaiting to convince an incredulous world that it was possible to send a signal across the Atlantic Ocean by wireless telegraph. Marconi and two assistants waited until in the earphones they heard at the appointed minute the "click, click, click," the three dots of the letter "S" in the Morse Code, which had been the signal agreed upon to be sent from Poldhu, Cornwall, England.

From that historic moment to December 12, 1931, the world had been constantly growing smaller,—time and space were eliminated. The pressing of a key eighteen hundred miles away had been heard in the merest fraction of a second. In the thirty years which have passed, vast strides have been made in world communication, but no wireless message has crossed the Atlantic any faster than that first one of Marconi.

Today we sit in our homes before ornate radio sets and by the simple turning of a dial shift ourselves from the music and speech of New York to that of San Francisco; from Ottawa to Vancouver; from Edmonton to Mexico, or, as on December 12 last, we listened to speech and music from London, England, then Brussels, then Paris, Berlin, Rome, Warsaw, New York, Washington, Ottawa, Japan, Hawaii, Venezuela, Brazil, the Argentine. We heard a message being transmitted from New York to San Francisco, from whence it was sent to Java, thence to Amsterdam, and we heard it being received back in New York after circling the globe in one minute and 47 seconds. We heard English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Japanese and other languages spoken.

All because Marconi's great experiment of December 12, 1901, succeeded. The world was astounded then; it marvels still. Following that first signal came the development of wireless telegraphy, then wireless telephony was made possible by the invention of the vacuum tube, and now television is just around the corner. The vacuum tube led to the discovery of the photo-electric cell, that marvellous sensitive little tube which made talking pictures possible, which opens and closes doors, counts vehicles on the highways, and does many other most astonishing things.

Airplanes are guided by wireless as they wing their way through space; the wireless "SOS" call brings help to stricken ships; the radio summons medical or other assistance into the far frozen north; His Majesty the King addresses his people in every portion of his far-flung Dominions; church services and the finest of the world's music and other forms of entertainment are carried into the most isolated and humble home.

But as one listened on December 12 last, to the nations talking to and entertaining each other, switching from one continent to another almost quicker than the mind can think, the conviction grew that, great as all these achievements are, something even greater and grander must inevitably result from Marconi's amazing experiment. Will not this annihilation of time and space, this breaking down of barriers to communication between peoples and nations, this development of a common means of expression between peoples, also lead to the breaking down of old suspicions, prejudices and jealousies? Shall we not learn to discard the old, mis-used word "foreigner" and, instead, come to regard those who live under other flags, who speak languages other than our own, and who worship at altars somewhat different from those at which we may worship, as neighbours, friends, and brothers?

In honoring Marconi for his great achievement, may we not also hope that over and above all the material benefits he thus conferred upon us, he has been an effective instrument in the hands of an all-wise Providence in promoting the brotherhood of man and the federation of the world?

An Expensive Position

Necessary For London's Lord Mayor To Have Private Means

The city of London allows its Lord Mayor £10,000 for expenses, which normally amount to about £25,000. Banquets, luncheons, civic entertainments and the charities account for a considerable part of this sum. The Lord Mayor can count upon at least three public functions in every two days and he has to make a speech, with few exceptions, at each. He works hard and his public luncheons and dinners mainly consist of watching other people eat. At the end of the year there is usually a baronetcy awaiting the Lord Mayor. Sometimes a peerage.

A Valuable Industry

The pilchard is the principal source or raw material of the fish oil industry in British Columbia, accounting for a production of over 3,200,000 gallons of oil in 1930, and nearly 19,000 tons of pilchard meal, two commercial products valued at $1,366,000.

The only book possessed by Eskimos of Labrador, printed in their own language, has been the Bible.

Australia Making Macaroni

Formerly An Importer Country Is Now Exporting It

Carrying 1,000,000 cartons of spagetti and macaroni, the steamer "Balranald" sailed recently from Australia for the United Kingdom.

This shipment is the first of its kind of major proportions to be sent to Britain and marks a bid by South Australia to capture the British market, whose annual requirements exceed 5,000 tons. The growth of the new industry followed the successful growing of a suitable red wheat in South Australia. Australia previously had been an importer of macaroni.

Know Your Own Country

Canadians have been spending their money at home, also, in a much larger degree than formerly. The depression has done that much good if it has taught them to know their native land better than they did. While the argument that travel is broadening, informative, and cultural stands good, that does not mean that it is a good thing for anybody to neglect their own country in order to learn about others.

Her Heart Was So Bad Couldn't Do Housework

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Price 50c a box

Mrs. S. Dragoman, R.R. 2, Midland, Ont., writes:—"I had been troubled with heart trouble for many years.

My heart would beat so fast I could hardly breathe, and I had headaches, and dizzy and fainting spells.

I couldn't get my housework done I was so weak.

I took three boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and felt much better, and now I would not be without them in the house."

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Communist Towns In Russia

Where Children Are Educated and Family Life Destroyed

On the East side of the Ural, in the neighborhood of the enormous ore deposits of the so-called Magnet Mountain, a communistic town will arise in the middle of the Steppes. The town will be given the name of Magnitogorst, and will have a population of 200,000. The town must be finished in 1937. The Frankfort architect, Mr. E. May, has drawn up the plans. It will be built on a spacious scale, with many parks. The Russian Peoples Commissioner writes as follows:—"The dwellings for all inhabitants will be the same. Till their 16th year, all children will be educated in a town-institution where the parents will be allowed to visit them but not too frequently. The fathers and the mothers name may not be used. Communism aims at the destruction of the family and the creation of the collectivist man and woman. Cooking will take place in a central kitchen and the meals eaten in common." Towns of this nature, but on a smaller scale are in Stalingrad and Soffrino, near Moscow.

Worms, however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little ones until the hurtful intruders have been expelled. An excellent preparation for this purpose can be had in Miller's Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

SCALLOPED OYSTERS

25 oysters with liquor.
2 cups bread crumbs.
½ cup milk and cream.
2 tablespoons butter.
1 teaspoon salt.
¼ teapoon pepper.

Grease baking dish and cover bottom with bread crumbs; lay oysters in carefully; season and cover with bread crumbs; pour over milk, oyster liquor and cover top with butter. Bake in hot over at 425 degrees Fahrenheit about 20 minutes.

LEMON MINCEMEAT

4 lemons.
2 apples.
1 pound currants..
½ cup raisins.
½ cup chopped nuts.
½ cup melted butter.
2 cups sugar.
1 teaspoon salt.
1 teaspoon ground cinnamon.
1 teaspoon ground nutmeg.
1 teaspoon ground cloves.
1 teaspoon ground ginger.
1 teaspoon ground allspice.

Squeeze juice from lemons and cook peel until soft. Put through meat-chopper and then rub through a sieve. Add chopped apples and remaining ingredients, mix well and store in jars. Use as a filling for turnovers and pies.

Asthma Cannot Last when the greatest of all asthma specifics is used. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assuredly deserves this exalted title. It has to its credit thousands of cases which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings help to even the most severe cases and brings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

Doing Welfare Work

Czechoslovakia Has Established Shelters For Jobless Boys and Girls

News comes from Czechoslovakia that its Ministry of Social Welfare has ordered the establishment in twelve cities of shelters for unemployed boys and girls 14 to 16 years of age. A government appropriation has been made to aid the work, but each city is responsible for providing quarters, fuel, and lights. These shelters offer warmth, food, and recreation during the day, and instruction in personal hygiene and other subjects.

Knew Exactly

Commander—"Now, suppose you are on your post one dark night. Suddenly a person appears from behind and wraps two strong arms around you so that you can't use your rifle. What will you call then?"

Cadet—"Let go, Honey."

Arkansas Gazette: A scientist says it is the lower part of the face, not the eys, that gives away one's thoughts. Especially when one opens the lower part of his face.

RECENT PORTRAIT

Above is a reproduction from a recent portrait of Stephen Leacock, noted Canadian economist. Mr. Leacock is connected with McGill University, Montreal.

Hospital Tries New Idea

New York Institution Has Lower Rate For "White Collar" Population

A "white collar" unit has just been opened at Mount Sinai Hospital in New York. The cost of private hospital and nursing care in it will be about one-half of that now charged throughout the city. A peculiar need is thus intended to be met.

"White collars" adorn a large and useful but generally neglected element in the population. They surround necks squeezed between the nether stone of poverty, which must accept charity, and the upper stone of wealth, which does not have to. The men and women who wear them have neither money power nor the power that comes of cohesive class consciousness and action. They fare badly at many turns on the social map.

Should Be Effective

British Will Subdue Irak Natives With Voice From Air

Broadcasting apparatus has been installed in Vickers-Victoria transport aircraft for experimental use among the natives of Irak, the British Air Ministry announces, according to a special cable from London to the New York Times.

It is believed that the personal contact of a voice from the sky speaking the native tongue will be a more effective medium for reaching the natives than the printed word disseminated by leaflets and otherwise. It is also suggested as a feasible means for subduing rebellious tribesmen.

Old Coin Still Working

English Crown Dated 1677 Is In Fine Condition

At an English bank recently a man was given with some change a King Charles II. crown. The coin was given by mistake as a four-shilling piece, and had been paid in as such. Apparently both the bank and its client had been deceived by the similarity of the design on one side of the coin with that of the present-day florin. The crown, which is dated 1677, is in fine condition, the King's head being very well defined.

An Unnecessary Loss

Operation Of Criminals Cost United States Billions Yearly

The American Bankers' Association has estimated that this country's direct financial loss through operation of criminals annually almost reaches the amount needed to operate the United States Government for a year.

Latest compilation by the association places this loss at $3,860,000,000, whereas $3,966,672,000 has been estimated as the cost of the Federal Government for the next fiscal year.

Chinese Boycott Japs

The faithful sons of Confucius in Kitchener, Ontario, in addition to sending money home for the purchase of airplanes for the Chinese army, are destroying everything that has its origin in Japan. As one Celestial put it, "dishes we have bust all up; Japanese clothing and food we have burned all up. We buy nothing Japanese no more."

Won Knitting Contest

Probably the oldest needlewoman in England is Mrs. Robert Moon, mother of Countess Ferrers, who recently received congratulations from the King and Queen on reaching her 100th year. A few weeks ago Mrs. Moon entered a knitting contest for women over 70 and carried off first prize, her work being given 100 per cent.

Colombia will regulate food prices.

Winners Of Peace Prize

Nobel Award Goes To Jane Addams and Dr. Nicholas Butler

The Nobel Peace Prize for 1931 was awarded to Jane Addams, Chicago social worker, and Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, the consul-general of Norway announced.

At a meeting of the Nobel Institue at Oslo, Norway, Professor Frederik Stang, president of the Nobel committee of the Norwegian parliament, announced each would receive one-half of the amount of the prize.

The amount of each prize varies with the income from the fund established under the will of A. B. Nobel. In recent years the amount has been in the neighborhood of $40,000.

United States citizens who have previously won the peac award are: Theodore Roosevelt, in 1906; Elihu Root, in 1912; Woodrow Wilson, in 1919; Ambassador Charles G. Dawes, in 1925; and former Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in 1929.

Dr. Nathan Soederblom, Archbishop of Upsala, received the peace prize in 1920, when the Nobel awards approximated $46,000 each.

Troubles Of Business Men

Frogs Take Place Of Money In Trade Deal

Sir George Beharrell, prominent industrialist, of London, England, described how a business deal was put through with frogs used for money.

"One of the companies I am connected with had money laid in currency in a certain foreign country and a complete embargo as to forwarding money to that country was made," he said.

"By mere chance this company came in contact with a professor of anatomy who was importing for vivisection purposes live frogs from this particular country and the change was made from currency to frogs.

"Could anything illustrate more clearly the lengths to which business men have to go today in order to carry on?"

An Elaborate Ceremony

The actual speech that His Majesty reads from the Throne is engrosed on the finest parchment. On the night before Parliament opens, the Prime Minister reads the speech to all His Ministers after dinner at 10 Downing Street, London, England. The mover and seconder of the Address are always present and everyone is in full dress. The Prince of Wales also sometimes attends.

Simple and Sure.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are readily understood by young or old.

Oldest Man-Made Article

A necklace of green-glazed steatite beads, now in the possession of the Egypt Exploration Society, is said to have been made more than 6,500 years ago and is considered the oldest man-made thing on earth.

Headache Relieved without "Dosing"

Vicks, rubbed on or melted in hot water and inhaled usually relieves

VICKS VAPORUB

OVER 17 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Would Require No Motor

If Airship Built On Principle By Which Birds Soar

After twenty years of study of the flight of birds J. H. Montgomery of St. Gabriel has apparently solved the secret of the flight of birds. He has discovered that in the wings of every soaring birds is a power plant, with which the bird has nothing whatever to do further than his ability to control it. Montgomery said: "Contrary to the prevalent view of scientists, birds do not fly by taking advantage of air currents, but their power to soar is due to the structure of their pinions, which are filled with thousands of vortices which catch the air." According to Montgomery, the same principles by which birds soar could be applied to a new type of airship, which would require no motor, but could be regulated to fly at any speed up to 350 miles an hour.

Persian Balm is inevitably chosen by discerning women. Delightful to use. Subtly fragrant. Cooling and refreshing. Imparts a rare youthful charm to the complexion. Invaluable for softening and making hands flawlessly white. Tones and stimulates the skin. Useful for the family also. Protects the tender skin of the child and is excellent for the father as a hair fixative and cooling shaving lotion.

An Unusual Accident

Needle Two Inches Long Driven Into Man's Heart

That Edward Sell, 45, of Hayes, England, carried a needle in his heart for more than four weeks has been revealed by X-rays. Sell was working on an aeroplane when a needle in the apron of an upholsterer was driven into his breast. It was considered too dangerous at the time to operate. Four weeks later an operation was tried, but had to be stopped before the needle was removed Sell died soon afterward, and a needle two inches long was found in the left ventricle of his heart.

Protecting the Children

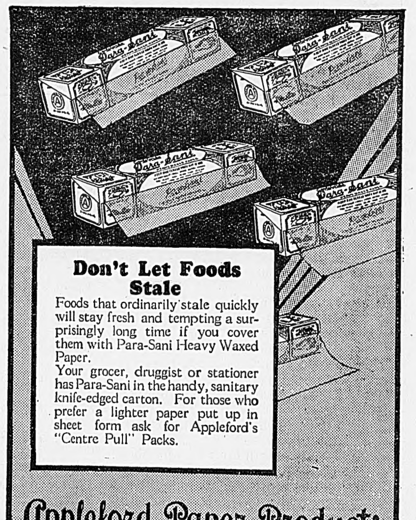
Playgrounds are provided for the children of Salford in the most crowded areas in 102 streets which are closed to motor traffic. The result is that the number of fatal street accidents to children have been cut down to almost half.

Drunk (looking over the bridge) — Shay, offisher ish that the moon down there?

Officer—Yes, it is.

Drunk—Then, how did I get up here?

Pennsylvania imports four-fifths of the lumber it needs.



Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Agricultural Council For Working Out Farm Problems May Soon Be Established

Initial steps towards the formation of an organization in the nature of a Dominion Agricultural Council, the first purpose of which would be to co-ordinate all farm organizations in Canada to enable them to work out their joint problems, were taken at a meeting held in Toronto recently of representatives of the various farm bodies, departments of agriculture and other interested organizations. W. Sanford Evans, Winnipeg, presided at the meeting.

The meeting was called on the order of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, upon the authority of a resolution which was passed at the convention of the organization held in Regina in September of this year.

Following is the text of the resolution:

"Resolved that the Canadian Chamber of Commerce take the initiative in an endeavour to secure the cooperation of agricultural producers, the trade, a number of outstanding business men, the Federal Department of Agriculture, and of Trade and Commerce, and the Provincial Departments of Agriculture in bringing about the establishment of a Canadian institute of agriculture, whose functions would include a thorough and continuous study of agricultural problems and of marketing possibilities in Canada and other countries, the extension of existing markets and the promotion of new markets; and the dissemination of information as to the present and prospective requirements of individual markets, as to quantity, quality, period of supply and the sales and other channels through which such may be fully developed."

At the conclusion of the meeting a committee was set up to draft a constitution and while the general meeting did not go at any great length into detail, some indication of the type of organization to be set up may be gathered from the following classes which were unanimously approved by the meeting with the definition of the scope and purpose of the organization. They are as follows:

The objects of the organization shall be:

1. To promote the welfare of all those engaged in the industry of agriculture in all branches.

2. To promote co-operation between the agricultural organizations of Canada where such co-operation may be useful to agriculture, and to attend to such common tasks as are not exercised by the individual organizations, but so that the individual organizations shall continue to exercise the particular tasks that fall within their special scope.

3. To be at the disposal of the government as regards agricultural questions and to submit proposals for legislative measures which are deemed to be of benefit to agriculture.

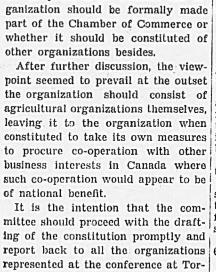
4. To represent agriculture in its relation to the other industries of the country.

It was apparent during the discussion that there was some difference of viewpoint as to whether the organization should be formally made part of the Chamber of Commerce or whether it should be constituted of other organizations besides.

After further discussion, the viewpoint seemed to prevail at the outset the organization should consist of agricultural organizations themselves, leaving it to the organization when constituted to take its own measures to procure co-operation with other business interests in Canada where such co-operation would appear to be of national benefit.

It is the intention that the committee should proceed with the drafting of the constitution promptly and report back to all the organizations represented at the conference at Toronto as a preliminary step to having such conference and assemble later for the purpose of adopting the constitution and putting it into effect.

The meeting was acknowledged to be the most representative meeting of the kind ever held in Canada.



"Have you noticed how Rodriguez has altered since he was married? He doesn't drink, smoke nor swear."

"No. His wife does it for him!"—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1921

New Bulletin Deals With Bean Cultivation

Profusely Illustrated With Drawings Of Selected Standard Types

A valuable contribution to a rapidly growing farm industry is now available with the release for free distribution of a bulletin on horticulture of the Dominion Experimental Farms. Complete technical descriptions of each of the twenty-five varieties selected by the vegetable committee of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association as the most outstanding are provided. Beans of similar type have been grouped in so far as they conform to the type standard description and both the type name and is varied synonyms are listed. Included in the standard type description range are the five principal type groups, the dwarf or bush bean, the greed podded varieties, the dwarf lima varieties, and the pole or runner varieties. The bulletin is profusely illustrated and includes water color drawings of the bean of each of the selected standard tyes.

By Annette

THE NEW MODE IS JUST AS KIND TO THE CHILDREN AS THE ADULTS

Any little miss would adore this jumper dress that big sister is wearing at college.

It delights in the fact that it is an exact copy too of the grown-up mode. Even to the fabric which is a thin woollen in a small check pattern in light navy blue and white. The belt is blue shiny patent leather.

The tailored blouse chooses a cotton broadcloth in yellow-beige.

The circular swaying skirt necessarily attracts much attention with the growing miss, who so loves to feel important in clothes of smart soyhistication.

Style No. 187 may be had in sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years.

Coral-pink linen with white dotted swiss blouse is so pretty.

Sailor blue wool jersey with white batiste dotted in matching blue is another lovely choice.

Tweeds, tweed-like cottons, wool crepe, cotton shantung prints, pique, cotton broadcloth prints, ginghams, tub silks, etc., are suitable and smart fabrics.

All patterns 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.......... Size..........

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

Cambridge Gardens Has Interesting Specimen

Banana Which Has Grown Straight Instead Of Curved

There is a straight banana in the botanical gardens at Cambridge.

It is one of a bunch of two dozen, the others being curved as usual. It is 6½ inches long. There has been no effort to cultivate it. It has just happened.

Gardeners at first began, timidly, to say, "It looks as though that banana is going to be straight." Now they claim proudly that it is straight.

In the academic atmosphere of these gardens officials do not enthuse too much over such a matter, but they admit to having an interesting specimen of Musa Cavendish.

It is expected to ripen in due course. It shows no signs of going crooked, and promises to be the first banana to lead a really straight life.

Tell the World

If You Have What People Want Advertising Pays

A partner in a successful eastern department store some time ago told a group of business men that his many years' study of advertising had boiled itself down to the simple formula, "Find out what people want and then tell them about it."

Analyzed, this will be seen to include a whole philosophy of advertising, to be, in fact, the keystone of the arch. For, after all, one thing the consuming public always wants is honest, dependable goods. So whether it be radio sets, or cold cream, or carpets, if their quality be unimpeachable, the logical way to clear them off the shelves is to tell the world about them.

Seek Advertising Campaign On Fish

Ottawa Asked To Assist In Coast-To-Coast Publicity

Assistance of the Dominion Government in conducting a coast-to-coast newspaper advertising campaign to increase consumption of fish in Canada is being sought, A. H. Brittain, president of the Canadian Fisheries Association, said here recently. Efforts are being made to obtain a fund of $150,000 for the purpose.

Official comment was not available on the above proposal, but it is known that the Minister of Fisheries, Hon. E. N. Rhodes, is keenly interested in such a project.

Legends About Apple Tree

Legends surround the centuries-old apple tree at Flitwick, Bedfordshire, England. It is said that when Cromwell and his men ate of its fruit, they had "divers pains as a result," but when some cavaliers ate the fruit, "they went their way mightily refreshed." Another story is that in years when the tree has borne no fruit the children have all been dunces and failed in their examinations.

Great Variety Of Fish In Canada

Fifty Different Kinds For Consumer To Choose From

More than 20 different kinds of food fish and shellfish are taken in commercial fishing operations on Canada's Pacific Coast, more than 30 in Atlantic waters, and over 20 varieties of fish in the great inland or freshwater areas.

Taking into the reckoning once only such varieties as occur both in Atlantic and Pacific waters, there are over 50 different kinds of food fish and shellfish available to the Canadian consumer from the sea and inland fisheries of the Dominion.

Tastes vary, of course, but there's food to suit every palate in the wide range of fishstuffs landed every year from Canadian waters by Canadian fishermen.

Canadian fish foods are available all the year round, too, in a number of different forms (although not all of them in every form) such as fresh or frozen, canned, dried, smoked, pickled. Rich in nourishment and easily digested, they are very valuable in the diet because they are more abundant in vitamines than many other foodstuffs and because they contain important health-guarding elements such as iodine and iron.

Could Pay If Compelled

Many People Will Keep Back Money They Owe Others

The Glencoe Transcript submits that people with money in the bank and refuse to pay their just debts, ought to be ashamed of themselves. So say we all. That reminds us of an incident told Ontario by an Aylmer business man. He had rendered an account repeatedly to a customer without result. Then he made a personal appeal to the debtor, who treated the obligation lightly, and would give no satisfaction. The merchant finally became annoyed, and declared his intention to place the claim in court for collection. The debtor asked if he meant what he said, and was informed that he did mean it and would take action at once. That brought results. The debtor pulled a roll of bills from his pocket big enough to choke a cow, paid his bill and took a receipt.

Writes Longest Poem

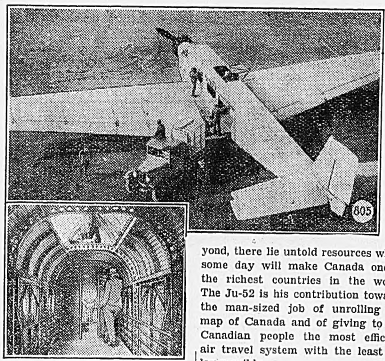
Father Blatter Has Outdistanced Dante By 15,000 Verses

Father John Blatter, former parish priest, has announced completion of what he claims is the longest poem ever written, containing 25,000 verses.

Father Blatter, who is 71, said he started the work when he was 20. Besides outdistancing Dante by 15,000 verses, he said his poem included the story of three visits to inferno, while Dante's work embraces only one.

A new breed of rabbit, with fur the color and texture of beaver, has been developed after 12 years of scientific experiments.

A Freight Car on Wings



Built to carry a load of 5,850 lbs. for a distance of 500 miles with a crew of two and having a normal flying range of 932 miles in 9½ hours flying time, the Ju-52, recently brought from Germany aboard the Canadian Pacific freighter "Beaverbrae" to the order of Canadian Airways Limited, will revolutionize air traffic in Northern Canada.

This flying box car will transport large pieces of mining equipment, machinery and supplies to the Far north, right up to the Arctic Ocean and will help open up new territories, new resources of incalculable mineral wealth to effective exploitation. James A. Richardson, president of Canadian Airways Limited, believes that north of steel, deep in the heart of the North West Territories and beyond, there lie untold resources which some day will make Canada one of the richest countries in the world. The Ju-52 is his contribution towards the man-sized job of unrolling the map of Canada and of giving to the Canadian people the most efficient air travel system with the least delay possible.

It has a single cargo space of 690 cubic feet occupying the top part of the fuselage which can be loaded from an autotruck backed up to a large side hatch, having internal measurements, 70.90 by 49.54 inches located in the rearmost bay and provided with a substantially built platform for a maximum load of 1,453 lbs. Another large hatch on the roof can be loaded from a crane in the same way as freight is lowered into a ocean-going vessel. For further convenience there is a door opposite the side hatch; a side door in the foremost bay and four loading flaps in the second and third bays.

An important innovation is the Double Wing Junker patent which permits larger and heavier machines to be landed on smaller aerodromes.

Careful Experiments Prove Grain Taken From Egyptian Tombs Will Not Germinate

During the past few months there seems to have been an unusual revival of interest in the vitality of wheat claimed to have been found in the tombs of ancient Egypt. Samples of this so-called "mummy" wheat have been received by the Cereal Division, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, within recent months, from farmers who claim to have produced the said seed from samples coming directly from these Egyptian tombs, says L. H. Newman, Dominion Cerealist. Statements have also appeared in the press which might lead one to believe that the tombs of Egypt appear to possess some mysterious power to preserve the germinating ability of cereal grain for a long period of time. Apparently these statements have attracted the attention of a number of Old Country people who have appealed to certain officials of the British Museum for information as to whether or not wheat stored in tombs for a long period of years is capable of growing. As a result of these enquiries Sir Ernest Wallis Budge, keeper of Egyptian antiquities in the above museum, published the following article in the London Times recently.

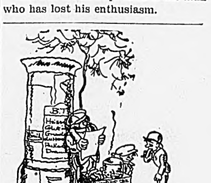
"Three gentlemen connected with the press have rung me up and told me that they had received a report from America that a distinguished farmer had succeeded in making to grow wheat which he had obtained from the tomb of Tutankhamen. And they asked me if I believed that such a thing was credible.

"During my years of service as keeper of Egyptian antiquities in the British Museum I was asked this question, either by letter or by word of mouth, on an average twice or thrice a week, and the director received many letters asking the same question. Dr. Birch had said, 'Ancient Egyptian wheat will not grow,' and we gave that as an answer to inquiries. Subsequently good fortune gave me the opportunity of buying, in 1897, at my own cost, in Western Thebes, a good specimen of a wooden model of an ancient Egyptian granary, which had just been found in a tomb of the Nineteenth Dynasty, say 1200 B.C. It contained little bins and the usual staircase, and the whole space not occupied by the bins was covered with a layer of darkish brown grain, wheat or barley (I know not which), several inches deep. I poured out the grain into a leather bag and brought it home in due course.

"I suggested to the director that we should give some of the grain to the authorities at Kew Gardens and ask them to make a careful experiment and let us know the result. With his approval I wrote to Dr. Thistleton Dyer, the curator, and asked his help, and he promised to give the planting of the grain his personal care and attention. He prepared soil and divided the grain into four little heaps, and he planted each heap separately, and covered each little plot with glass of a different color—white, yellow, red and blue. The whole of the Kew staff was intensely interested in the experiment, and many botanists joined them in waiting for the grain to germinate. They waited day after day, week after week, but no shoot of any kind appeared. At length, after three months, they turned over the little plots and found that all the grain had turned to dust. As a result Thistleton Dyer reported that ancient wheat or barley would not grow, and then went on to talk about the shortness of the life of the germinating properties in grain generally. Many others tried the same experiment, with the same result.

Jefferson county, Florida, produces 80 per cent. of the world's supply of watermelon seed.

The worst bankrupt man is the man who has lost his enthusiasm.



"What will you do when there are no more horses?"

"By that time old motor tyres will be cut up for sausages."—Dorfbarbier, Berlin.

Future Of Agriculture Challenge To Youth

Success Or Failure In Their Hands Says Hon. Robert Weir

Speaking at the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto, the Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, reviewing the progress of the past, made the following reference: "Now that we have reached an age in this country where many of the older breeders will soon be passing off the scene and giving place to new ones, will those new breeders in the rush of this twentieth century give the hours that are necesary and the concentration that is necessary to continue their work? The future of agriculture is in their hands, and in their hands I, for one, have every faith to leave it. I believe that one great difference with the new breeders will be that they will concentrate more on the advancement of the breed as a whole and less on their gain as individual breeders. That is, there will not be the prejudice that has often been marked—there will be greater co-operation in order that each may receive the benefit of other breeders for the advancement of each breed.

Color Is Not Artificial

Salmon In Can Is Just As Nature Made It

Contrary to what some of the uninitiated may have thought, there's no artificial colouring matter added to Canadian canned salmon to give it the shades of red and pink which are familiar to the users of this nourishing sea food.

There is nothing in a tin of Canadian canned salmon except the fish and some of its juices, and a dash of salt.

The colour is as Nature made it, except that the shade may be less pronounced than it was in the fresh-caught fish. Canned sockeye is a rich red. The other varieties of salmon are of different shades of pink. But pink or red, the colours are natural.

Research carried on in recent years goes to show that the colour of salmon flesh is composed entirely of red and yellow pigments. In the canning process the colourings become somewhat less marked, although it is not yet certain whether an actual fading occurs or only an apparent fading as the proteins become coagulated.

To Sterilize Dairy Utensils

Chlorine Good Substitute When Boiling Water Not Available

The keeping quality of milk depends directly upon the number of bacteria present and this in turn depends upon the thoroughness with which dairy utensils have been cleaned and sterilized. The use of live steam or scalding with boiling water is always effective providing it is available in sufficient volume, but as a general rule the quantity available on the average farm is inadequate for effective results. It is for this reason that the use of chlorine in suitable form is recommended by bacteriological experts. It acts rapidly in cold water, and is cheaper and more convenient than the heat treatment generally recommended. When properly employed chlorine sterilization gives excellent results, and the practice, already general among milk and other food plants, is spreading to the dairy farms.—Department of Agriculture.

Australian Butter

The Canadian Government has received an assurance from the Australian Trade Commissioner that no more Australian butter will be shipped to Canada without concurrence from Ottawa, Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, announced at Ottawa.

Or Any Other Time

If at nine p.m. on the twenty-ninth day of the ninth month you kneel down and blow vigorously on the floor seventeen times you are trying to clear the ash from the carpet before your wife comes in.

Charcoal is now being manufactured from waste wood in Fraser Valley, B.C.

A single ragweed plant may produce more than 23,000 seeds.

Even when you're right, it doesn't ever pay to get mad about it.

A train of thought is the real thing in rapid tra..

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Canadian Seed Growers' Association will hold its 1932 convention in Winnipeg.

The Cecil Rhodes scholarship for British Columbia has been awarded to William Thomas Brown.

Census figures show the Jewish population of Palestine has more than doubled since 1922, the total being 175,006.

The question of establishing a county system in Alberta is under consideration and will be up for discussion in the near future, it was announced by Premier Brownlee.

Commenting on railway difficulties, Premier Henry, of Ontario, said the railways should enter the auto field if they want to keep up with the times.

An investigation of the movement of United States industry to Canada was asked in a resolution introduced by Representative Canfield, Democrat, Indiana.

Three thousand workers were thrown out of employment when the Cunard line suspended work on its giant new liner at Clydebank, Scotland.

A commercial treaty between Great Britain and Soviet Russia is strongly urged by the executive committee of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce in a report just issued.

Capt. George Stavrakov of Victoria, B.C., arrived at New York from abroad to conduct experiments with Chernikeeff's log, a device for measuring the speed and distance travelled by submarines.

Canada, among other countries, will be affected by an announcement by Finance Minister N. C. Havenga, that the South African Government would make effective an exchange anti-dumping duty.

Thirty years ago Guglielmo Marconi, in Newfoundland at the receiving end of the trans-Atlantic wireless setup, picked up the first wireless signals ever sent across the ocean.

Cathedral Destroyed

Soviets Dynamite Most Conspicuous Building In Moscow

Dynamite was exploded in the old Cathedral of The Redeemer recently to complete the work of demolition started some time ago. The blasts were set off at intervals of an hour and by mid-afternoon almost the entire side of the great granite structure facing the river had been torn away.

This was the largest church in Moscow and the city's most conspicuous landmark. In its place will rise a modern building to be known as the Palace of the Soviets.

Designed Million Dollar Staircase

Englishman Who Achieved Fame In States Is Dead

Lewis J. Hinton, 86, designer of the "million dollar staircase" at the New York State Capitol and at one time an active leader of union labor in England, his native land, died a few weeks ago at his home in Albany.

Mr. Hinton was born in London and came to the United States in 1869 to design and create stone work at Cornell University. He became a citizen soon after his arrival.

Scots Originated Spats

Some have asked why certain Scottish soldiers wear spats. Spats were issued first to the Black Watch to commemorate their endurance during the march to Corunna. Destitute and continuously harassed by the enemy, the exhausted Highlanders marched 250 miles over mountainous roads. Boots wore down, but shirts were torn into strips to bind their lacerated feet. So originated spats.

By exposing certain kinds of foodstuffs to ultra-violet rays, a way has been found, it is said, to restore vitamines destroyed by cooking.

"Look here, young man, you are travelling with someone else's pass.—The holder of this is described as having a beard."

"Yes, I have, er had it shaved off!"—Meggendorfer Blaetter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1921

Brings Flowers To Perfection Quickly

Sunlight Apparatus Makes Them Bloom While You Wait

The famous conjurer who produces flowers from his hat has a rival in Viscount FitzAlan of Derwent, who grows flowers while you wait.

He has had a sunlight apparatus installed in the cellar of his greenhouses in the grounds of his mansion, Cumberland Lodge, which stands in the Home Park at Windsor, not far from the castle.

There, by the use of violet rays and 1,000 candle-power arc lamps equal to strong sunlight, he can make his flowers attain in a few hours a pitch of perfection which nature, unaided, could only hope to achieve within a few weeks.

When Lady FitzAlan wants special floral decorations for her dinner table, she has only to order them a few hours beforehand.

She may ask for daffodils. The boxes in the greenhouses may show hard, long, bulby green stalks which the average gardener would know would take about a week before they were in bloom. Lady FitzAlan's gardener, however, can execute the order blissfully. He has only to take a few of the boxes to the cellar, turn on the lamps, leave them for three or four hours, and the green, swollen heads will be in radiant yellow blossom ready to adorn the dinner table.

Should Use Union Jack

Needs More Display In Canada Says Ontario's Attorney-General

Hon. W. H. Price, Ontario Attorney-General, has instituted an inquiry as to the feasibility of having a Union Jack installed in every courtroom of the province. Speaking at Uxbridge, at the unveiling of a war memorial, Col. Price made this announcement, at the same time emphasizing the necessity of keeping fresh in the minds of Canadian people the deeds of those who died in war. "We have been remiss in not putting forward our flag in such a manner that every Canadian-born citizen and every naturalized subject will know the history of our institutions and our traditions," said Col. Price, unveiling a monument to Uxbridge's Great War dead in the town Square.

"The flag is now flown on every courthouse while courts are in session, but the flag could very well be installed on a staff in every courtroom. The people of Canada were woefully deficient in historical knowledge, the attorney-general declared. They failed to read books on early adventure, pioneering and history of the country.

British Economist Not Good Forecaster

Gloomy Prediction Some Years Ago Failed To Materialize

Sir George Paish, British economist, who predicts the world's economic system would break down in a few months, once made a gloomy prediction about Saskatoon which failed to come true, F. M. Sclanders, commissioner of the Saint John Board of Trade has recalled.

Sir George is said to have declared Saskatoon would never recover from the real estate collapse of 1912. "Saskatoon was the first western city to achieve an even keel financially," said Mr. Sclanders, who added he regretted a man of Sir George's eminence should make such a gloomy prediction at a time when confidence was needed.

Hard On the Judge

A judge and a barrister were discussing the doctrine of the transmigration of the souls of men into animals.

"Now," said the judge, "suppose you and I were turned into a horse and an ass, which would you prefer to be?"

"The ass, to be sure!" replied the barrister.

"Why?" asked the judge.

"Because," was the reply, "I have heard of an ass being a judge, but a horse—never!"

Likes the Arctic

The lure of Arctic wastes is in the blood of Stephen Dacey, of Halifax. Home after four years in the Hudson Straits region, he is eagerly looking forward to another period of service at a wireless direction station nestling among native igloos and trading posts in one of Canada's outposts.

"Queen Of Bells"

Known as the "Queen of Bells," the largest bell in the world is hanging in the Kremlin in Moscow, Russia. It was cast in 1733, is 19 feet 3 inches tall, 60 feet 9 inches in circumference, and 24 inches in thickness at the point where the clapper strikes.

FASHION

No. 668—Sunday Night Frock. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3⅜ yards of 39-inch material with 1¾ yards of lace edging.

No. 124—Slim Line Undies. This style is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure. Size 16 requires 1⅝ yards of 39-inch material with 5¾ yards of binding.

No. 228—Moulds the Figure. This style is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust measure. Size 16 requires 2½ yards of 35-inch material with 3½ yards of edging.

No. 692.—Lumber Jacket. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 16 requires 2½ yards of 36-inch material with 1⅞ yards of 6¾-inch knitted fabric.

No. 806—Lovely School Wear. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 2⅛ yards of 35-inch material with ½ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 884—Snappy Model. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 2 yards of 39-inch material with ⅜ yard of 39-inch contrasting.

All patterns 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.......... Size..........

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

English Potato Crop Short

Is Away Below Ten Year Average and Quality Poor

This year's potato crop in England and Wales will be 817,000 tons below the average for the last 10 years, according to the estimates of the Ministry of Agriculture.

The total crop expected is 2,354,000 tons, which is a drop of 389,000 from last year.

The crop is also below the average in quality, disease being the chief cause.

There are ten million Chinese, children and adults, in school in that country.

Primitive Hunting

Boys In North Woods Hunt Rabbits With Sling-Shots

The boys attached to the Rankin trans-Canada Highway construction camp near Mattawa, Ont., have gone primitive. In order to share the excellent rabbit hunting accorded by northern Ontario's "great outdoors," they had to overcome the difficulty of lack of firearms, which are prohibited in the construction camps. They did this and, armed with sling-shots, they went out to the chase. They returned with 15 rabbits.

Since 1880 Maine has cut nearly 44,000,000,000 feet of lumber.

"Now I know who Santa Claus is—Mr. Woolworth!"—The Passing Show, London, England.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 27

THE SPREAD OF CHRISTIANITY IN EUROPE

Golden Text: "The kingdom of the world is become the kingdom of our Lord, and of His Christ; and he shall reign for ever and ever."—Revelation 11.15.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 11.1-10.

A Review By Means Of Allusions

O breath of God! O my delight
In many a vigil of the night!
Like the great voice in Patmos heard
By John, the Evangelist of the Word,
I hear Thee behind me saying: Write.
—Longfellow.

Is there any Henceforth in our lives, any vital sense of a life to come, any far horizon visible beyond the narrowness and limitations of the daily road we tread?—W. J. Dawson.

Tell the event to which each of the following refers:—

There have been men like those Jews in every age and every land who have delighted in stirring up others—no community is free from them.

"In the boundless supply of divine grace lies power to turn the world upside down, if only the people of God would receive and transmit what He is so willing to bestow!"

"There stood a man of Belgium saying, 'Come over and help us,' and immediately men of Britain arose to answer the call."

We have no right to suppose that another has done a wrong thing and then state our supposition as a fact. A large proportion of the miserable gossip which is retailed by idle people in drawing-rooms and other places is started just as the story about Paul started.—J. R. Miller.

"When came the Sabbath of worship and rest,
Out of the city, in reverent quest,
Down by the riverside faithful ones came,
Where prayer was wont to be made in His name."

So like the saint at Corinth, well content
The craftsman's task we ply,
If, with the weaving, rise another tent
Eternal in the sky.
—John Elliott Bowman.

Every day gives us courage and hope and some song of rejoicing. Though the prison be closed around us and the guards be set over us, may we sing songs in the night.—Beecher.

How he, who lone in Patmos banished
Saw in the sun a mighty angel stand.
—Burns.

"Of Tarsus it is written with authority that once it was no mean city, but that is a tale of long ago."

English Doctor Claims Cure For Rheumatism

Uses Serum Prepared From Microbe Responsible For Disease

Cure of rheumatism, also called arthritis, by injection of a serum prepared from the microbes responsible for the disease, is possible, according to Dr. H. Warren Crowe, London, England.

Speaking before a group of physicians at a meeting of the American Society for the Study of Arthritis, Dr. Crowe said he discovered the value of a vaccine in the treatment of rheumatism by applying it to his wife. He stated the cure was so rapid as to fall little short of being dramatic.

The vaccine treatment, which he declared could be used by the general practitioner everywhere, was endorsed by other speakers, including Dr. Martin E. Rehfuss, Philadelphia, who asserted no drug had been found to cure the disease.

Dr. William W. Lermann, Pittsburgh, said the arthritis was an industrial and social, as well as a medical problem.

"In England it is responsible for one-sixth of all industrial disability," Dr. Lermann said. "Until recently it was considered incurable, and as a matter of fact was incurable, because the cause was not known; now it has been found to be a bacterial infection. The microbes which produce the disease are of the streptococcus group. Unfortunately, more than one kind of streptococcus will cause rheumatism, hence it is necessary to find out what kind is responsible before treatment can be given."

Drumming Up Business

British hat makers are circularizing banks and insurance companies asking that they compel their employees to wear hats to business. The hat makers passed a resolution that hats add a finishing touch to personal appearance and "dignity to the position they hold."

The main reason why we have so few stable governments is that it requires so much horse sense.

Awaiting Surtax Reply

The British Government has sent a note to France asking for a reply to representations previously made regarding the 15 per cent. French surtax on imported goods

Keystone Of Empire Trade

Canada Recognized As Greatest Factor In Imperial Situation

Some time next year, probably in the early months, the various governments of the British Commonwealth of Nations will send delegates to Ottawa to work out a basis for the development of inter-Empire trade.

Because all the Dominion Governments as well as the Government of Britain will wish to make this conference a decisive one, emphasizing the actual machinery rather than the platitudes of commerce, the meeting will have an importance far beyond anything of the kind yet attempted.

For this reason the press representation will probably far exceed the representation of the governments themselves.

Would it not enable these press representatives of Britain, of New Zealand, of Australia and of South Africa to write with infinitely more understanding and intelligence of their subject if they were sent out three weeks or a month ahead of the actual conference date to tour Canada and to familiarize themselves with productive and commercial conditions in this Dominion?

For Canada, with all deference to her sister Dominions, has become the keystone of Empire trade. Her natural resources are so great, her productivity so tremendous that she is recognized as the greatest factor in the imperial trade situation.

Would not the world get a fairer report of the conference if the visiting press representatives saw all this at first hand before the conference started and before their views were colored with the varying tints of statesmanship?—Vancouver Sun.

Finland Is Building Pocket Battleships

Will Withstand Broadside Fire Of the Largest Cruisers

Work has been started on two new fighting ships for the Finnish navy which are as remarkable in their way as the German pocket battleship, according to the Daily Telegraph's naval correspondent. They are, he says, miniature battleships of 4,000 tons, designed for coast defense operations in the Baltic, with Diesel electric drive and a speed of 16 knots.

Each of these little ships mounts a formidable armament of four 10-inch guns in turrets and eight 4.7-inch quick firers and there is a substantial armour protection of vital parts.

They are under construction at the Crichton Vulcan yard at Abo, Finland, and are due to be completed in 1933. The smallest capital ships in the world, they are said to be able to withstand the broadside fire of the largest cruisers and are more strongly protected. They are being built by native labor and largely from domestic materials, as were four submarines now in the Finnish navy.

Lesson For Everyone

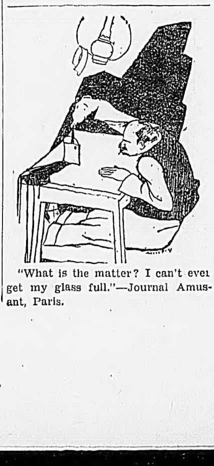
Bees This Year Gathered Honey In Spite Of Difficulties

A parable with reference to present conditions was drawn before a congregation at Saint John, New Brunswick by Rt. Rev. R. H. Oliver, moderator of the United Church of Canada. Referring to the achievement of bees last summer in gathering a ton and a half of honey on a certain property located in a drouth-stricken section of the prairie provinces, the moderator remarked it was from sow thistles the bees had secured their honey.

"There is a parable in that story," he said, "out of the difficulties in the way, the bees had created their honey."

Fishing Grounds Improve

Although the fishing is heavier than ever in the North Sea, it is stated that the more fish are taken out the bigger grow those which are left, and that the fishing grounds are getting better every year.



"What is the matter? I can't ever get my glass full."—Journal Amusant, Paris.

CANADA-FRANCE TRADE TREATY IS WITHDRAWN

Ottawa, Ont.—The Canada-France trade treaty is being abrogated. Notice of the termination of the pact was given to the French Government by Hon. Philippe Roy, Canadian Minister to France, acting under instructions from the Dominion Government. With six months' notice called for under this convention of commerce entered into in 1922, the treaty will become non-effective on June 16 next, it was officially announced.

Canada has expressed its willingness to enter immediately upon negotiations for a new convention beneficial to the commerce of both countries. This attitude was conveyed to the French Government with the notice on behalf of the Canadian Government for abrogation of the treaty.

Efforts by the Dominion administration to secure a revison of the trade convention with France had been under way for months, it is learned, under criticism in the Canadian Parliament back as far as seven and eight years ago. Imposition of obligations under the treaty which were not reciprocal is stated to be the fundamental weakness of the convention from the Canadian end. Under the trade convention, France received from Canada complete most favoured nation treatment, giving not only the lowest rates accorded to any country but also fixed margins of preference on many commodities.

France granted its minimum tariff only on a limited number of products from Canada, while maintaining the right to change at will the duty rates on goods from this country entering the republic. For instance, the tariff on Canadian wheat was raised by France from 28½ cents to 85 cents a bushel. The rates against Canadian canned salmon was increased from $1.19 to $2.94 per 100 pounds.

The two commodities were important exports to the republic of France; and in regard to canned salmon, while the tariff was increased against the Canadian commodity, considerably lower tariffs, Canadian Government officials state, were granted to other countries exporting to France and competing against Canadian goods in the French market.

Exports from Canada to France for the year ended on October 31 last, amounted to $15,668,299, as compared with $14,398,525 for the 12 months ended on October 31, 1930.

Imports from France to Canada for the year ended on October 30 last totalled $15,130,042, as against $22,-218,919 for the corresponding period ended on October 30 of last year.

Awaiting Report On Harbors

Recommendations Of Sir Alexander Gibb Not Yet Completed

Ottawa, Ont.—The report of Sir Alexander Gibb, British port authority, who surveyed the leading Canadian harbors last summer on the invitation of the Minister of Marine, has not yet been forwarded from London, where Sir Alexander is completing his recommendations. Department officials said there was no reason to believe the report would be available until early in January.

No Action Taken

Premier Denies Rumor Regarding Canada and Gold Standard

Ottawa, Ont.—"You can say authoritatively no action has been taken in any manner, shape or form nor has the matter been discussed since my return."

This was the statement of Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister, when approached following a meeting of cabinet council in regard to rumors that Canada was going off the gold standard.

Ship Transfer Not Planned

Montreal, Que.—Officials of Canadian Pacific Steamships denied reports current in Vancouver to the effect that the liners "Duchess of Bedford" and "Duchess of Athol" shortly would be transferred to the British Columbia-Australia service. No such move was being contemplated, it was stated.

Oxford Honors Canadian

Ottawa, Ont.—Harry H. Plaskett, professor of astrophysics at Harvard University, and formerly of Victoria, B.C., has just been elected to the Savillian Professorship of Astronomy, leading scientific appointment at Oxford, dating from January 1, according to word reaching here.

W. N. U. 1921

Europe Is Swept By Severe Storm

Shipping In Baltic Sea Imperilled By Blizzard

London, Eng.—Storms and floods have been reported from widely scattered parts of Europe, and a cold wave gave many areas their first taste of winter.

A blizzard tearing down the Baltic Sea imperilled shipping and caused minor damage to coastal districts. A sailing ship was torn from its anchorage and was wrecked in the roads at Libau, Latvia, the crew of seven being drowned.

A fishing vessel was sunk in the Stockholm archipelago with the loss of one life. The Soviet ship "Illitch," from Odessa, foundered near Smyrna following a violent storm which has raged over the Aegean Sea for several days. Six other vessels were driven ashore and salvage operations were started.

Northern Algeria was suffering from floods and damaged communications as the result of a gale. Telegraph lines were down for many miles around Tunis and rail service to Algeria was out of operation. The inhabitants of some districts were cut off by floods and awaited rescue on housetops.

Londoners shivered from a sudden drop in temperature and Paris was reported very cold. A number of villages in south Bulgaria were severely damaged by inundations, but details were lacking because communications were severed.

Report Not Confirmed

That Soviets Will Exhibit Agricultural Products In Canada

Moscow, Russia.—The commissariat of agriculture announced an exhibition of agricultural products of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republica will be held in Canada during 1932.

The exhibition which is being organized by the Lenin Agricultural Academy will be one of six sent to foreign countries. Two will be sent to Germany, and one each to France, Italy and Turkey. Similar ventures will be conducted throughout the U.S.S.R. next year.

Ottawa, Ont.—"That is the first I nave heard of it," said Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, when asked with respect to the Canadian Press cable from Moscow which indicated that the Soviet Government contemplated sending an agricultural exhibition to Canada next year. Mr. Weir had no comment to make on the despatch.

Liner Will Be Completed

Cunard Company Announce Work Will Be Resumed

Liverpool, Eng.—The Board of Directors of the Cunard line, announced the company would complete its new liner now lying partly built in a Clydebank, Scotland, shipyard, with or without assistance from the British Government.

Suspension of construction on the giant ship threw 3,000 workers out of employment and was the immediate cause of representations in the Parliament and elsewhere that building be resumed as soon as possible. In its previous announcement, the company said it was forced to suspend work owing to a drop in the depreciation fund from which money for new vessels is drawn.

The directors reached no decision as to how and when the ship will be completed, but one official said construction will be resumed even if the company is unable to secure assistance from the Government.

Cause Of Failure

St. Stephen, N.B.—The Calais, Me., branch of the International Trust and Banking Corporation is closed. It is considered here this was due to the withdrawal of heavy sums by depositors who are taking advantage of the premium on United States funds by placing their money in Canadian banks here.

Decrease In Crops Value

Quebec, Que.—Statistics prepared by the statistical branch of the Department of Agriculture show that for the current year there has been a reduction in value of $48,752,000 in the total amount of crops for Quebec, as against the figures for last year. The reduction amounts to 40 per cent.

Canada's Gold Reserve

Ottawa, Ont.—The Department of Finance had a gold reserve behind Dominion notes of $1,361,815 in excess of statutory requirements, on November 30, according to a statement recently. The total gold held was $71,651,033.

Delegates For Geneva

U.S. Government To Announce Personnel In Near Future

Washington, D.C. — The United States Government is expected to announce in the immediate future the personnel of its delegation to the general disarmament conference at Geneva in February. So important does Washington consider the conference that Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson will probably head the delegation. The U.S. delegation will be prepared to push energetically the policy of President Hoover for disarmament as an economic measure as well as a preventive of war.

Christmas Mail Carried By Kingsford-Smith

Famous Flier Completes Trip When Other 'Plane Crashes

London, Eng. — Wing-Commander Charles Kingsford-Smith landed at Croydon airport in his aeroplane Southern Star, with the Australian Christmas mail.

There were 50,000 letters in the half ton of mail he carried. The mail left Australia in another 'plane which crashed at Alorstar, Malaya, and the famous flyer volunteered to complete the flight.

Celebrates Birthday

MacKenzie King Was Fifty-Seven On December Seventeenth

Ottawa, Ont.—December 17 was the 57th birthday anniversary of Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the Liberal Party. Mr. King was born at Berlin (now Kitchener), Ont., on December 17, 1874. He spent the day quietly at Laurier House, here.

BRITAIN PLANS SUSPENSION OF ALL SHIPBUILDING

London, England.—The London Daily Herald, Labor organ, said the Government was considering a suspension of the whole British naval building programme, with the exception of submarines.

The suspension, if decided upon, would be temporary, the newspaper said, and contingent upon the progress and results of the international disarmament conference next February.

The Herald likened the idea to a similar gesture on the part of United States and Great Britain on the eve of the London naval conference in 1929.

The ships which would be affected are those announced in the navy estimates last March.

The Herald added that a suspension of the shipbuilding programme would it was hoped, give a lead to the conference and furnish the British delegation with a strong weapon in pressing for a reduction of armaments.

MAY RETIRE

Senator Gideon Robertson may have to relinquish the post of Minister of Labor in the Dominion Cabinet on account of illness.

Welcomes Goodwill Ship

Australians Accord Vessel Enthusiastic Reception On Its Arrival

Ottawa, Ont.—The storm of political election campaign did not prevent Rt. Hon. James Scullin, Prime Minister of Australia, from motoring 100 miles after three meetings in order to extend his welcome to the Canadian goodwill ship, "Canadian Constructor," which reached Melbourne December 16.

A cable to the Department of Trade and Commerce from D. H. Ross, Canadian Trade Commissioner in Melbourne, described the enthusiastic reception accorded the vessel which sailed from Montreal last month laden with Canadian goods. Public notables joined in marking the arrival of the "Constructor," and the Commonwealth Government held a luncheon at which leading commercial, industrial and banking interests were represented.

Trade Figures Almost Equal

Canadian Exports and Imports For Eight Months Nearly Balance

Ottawa, Ont. — Canada exported domestic produce to the value of $57,486,950 in November. Imports for consumption for the same month was $46,914,046. This whittles down the unfavorable trade balance for the fiscal year until exports and imports are almost equal. Total exports of Canadian products for the eight months are $408,541,765, and total imports for consumption, $411,068,345. These figures were released by the Department of National Revenue.

November exports of domestic produce were $20,573,921 lower than those for November, 1930, while imports were lower by $29,411,017.

Aim Of Imperial Conference

Ottawa, Ont.—Reciprocal trade agreements between the different parts of the British Empire with the prospect of stability of trade is the aim of the coming Imperial Economic Conference. This is the intimation of Premier R. B. Bennett.

Asking Embargo Of Canadian Cedar

Measure Introduced In Congress By Republican From Washington

Washington, D.C. — A measure which would bar Canadian cedar lumber and shingles from the United States has been introduced in congress by Representative Albert Johnson, a Washington Republican. Washington is one of the chief lumber producing states.

Mr. Johnson's bill, which provides for "limiting" imports under the direction of the Treasury Department, is designed to establish an embargo on cedar lumber and shingles. Exports of shingles from Canada to the United States in 1930 amounted to $4,150,000 and came chiefly from British Columbia. Canadian sales in the American market have provided serious competition for the shingle industry in Pacific Coast states.

Canada is the only country exporting shingles to the United States and Mr. Johnson's measure would affect Canada almost exclusively. Cedar logs and shingles now enter the United States free of duty.

Winston Churchill Better

Injuries Sustained In Automobile Accident Not Considered Serious

New York, N.Y.—Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill, former Chancellor of the British Exchequer, whose scheduled lecture tour in this country was cut short by an automobile accident, continues to show improvement, and looks and feels much better.

The distinguished statesman was struck by a cab while crossing Fifth Avenue, and suffered a sprained shoulder and lacerations about the face. A slight touch of pleurisy had developed.

Charles D. Atkins, director of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, announced that Mr. Churchill would make his first public appearance at the Brooklyn Institute January 14.

Queen Mary Officiates

Opens Army Hostel In East End Area Of Whitechapel

London, Eng.—Queen Mary went into the densely-populated east end area of Whitechapel and opened the Salvation Army's hostel for homeless women, constructed in a disused school school building.

Her Majesty was received by General Edward J. Higgins, of the Army.

In the new hostel of the Salvation Army special provision has been made for women with children.

HIGH QUOTA FOR EMPIRE GROWN WHEAT LIKELY

London, England.—The Morning Post said the agenda of the forthcoming Imperial Economic Conference will include the question of how far Canada will be ready to take British coal in return for the wheat she will export to Great Britain, under the proposed wheat quota plan.

Ottawa, Ont.—The wheat quota under consideration by the British Government is 15 per cent. wheat grown in Great Britain, 70 per cent. wheat grown in other parts of the Empire, and 15 per cent. foreign-grown wheat. These were the figures given by Premier R. B. Bennett in an interview following his return from London.

This is a considerably larger quota of Empire-grown wheat than the figures given in a London cable, which quoted "The Miller," official organ of the British milling trade. "The Miller" forecast the quota which the British Government would propose as 15 per cent. domestic, 55 per cent. Dominion-grown wheat, and 30 per cent. foreign.

The suggestion here is that confusion has arisen as to the percentage all the Dominions, chiefly Canada and Australia, would furnish and Canada's proportion alone. Information here is that it is estimated Canada would furnish approximately 80 per cent. of the Dominions' quota or about 55 per cent. of the wheat used in Great Britain. This is thought to be the reason the figure 55 per cent. has crept in.

There is known to be a considerable feeling on the part of the millers in Great Britain that the situation could better be met by a tariff than a quota, and substantial support in this view is said to be found among members of parliament. A small tariff against foreign wheat, giving empire grown wheat a preference, is suggested in many quarters in England.

PARLIAMENT WILL START SESSION ON FEBRUARY 4

Ottawa, Ont.—Parliament will meet on Thursday, February 4, 1932. Official announcement to this effect was made by Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister.

While no official intimation of any nature has been made, political signs portend that the legislation which will be brought down during the coming season may not be heavy. In political haunts where observers are wont to foregather, the feeling is that the session will likely conclude about the third week of May.

The date for the holding of the Imperial Economic Conference will probably be a factor in the length of the session. Reports so far have suggested the possibility of the conference taking place in June or July, with Ottawa as the likely scene. Definite decision remains to be made, with the convenience of the various countries of the British Empire as a strong consideration.

Of tariff changes, very few are likely to be made this session. Trade treaties with South Africa, Brazil and New Zealand will probably be before the House for approval. But with the economic discussion to take place having in view reciprocal trade agreements between the different parts of the Empire, mutually advantageous, little probability exists of the tariff schedules being altered this session to any appreciable extent.

Legislation on the railways is a possibility. The transportation commission of seven, headed by Mr. Justice Duff, of the supreme court of Canada, is expected to make at least an interim report to Parliament during its coming deliberations, and on the nature of this report will depend the question of introduction of transportation legislation.

For some time, Canadian steamship people have been agitating for legislation. One of their requests, it is understood, is that an enactment be passed providing that freight carried from the head of the Great Lakes to Montreal should not be conveyed in American bottoms.

A further measure on unemployment relief is another possibility; while there will be the usual number of minor enactments, and perhaps some amendments to the criminal code.

In line with the policy of the Bennett administration, estimates will be cut down. These estimates are now under preliminary preparation by the different departments.

Coupled with the sessional programme, the Government will have to make preparations for the coming Imperial Economic Conference.

Drop In Immigration

Figures April To October Show 75 Per Cent. Decrease

Ottawa, Ont.—According to a statement issued by Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, immigration for the months of April to October, inclusive, was as follows: April, 3,201; May, 3,818; June, 3,169; July, 2,541; August, 2,250; September, 2,355; October, 2,056, a total of 19,390 persons, compared with 77,544 arrivals during the corresponding period of 1930. This represents a decrease of 75 per cent. Of the arrivals for the seven months 14,496 were women and children, mostly the dependents of settlers already established in Canada.

During the same period 13,641 Canadians who had gone to the United States returned to make their homes in Canada. These were not, however, counted as immigrants.

Canada Will Be Paid

Paris, France.—A bill was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies, authorizing M. Flanlin, Minister of Finance, to advance sufficient funds to the City of Soissons to enable that municipality to meet engagements contracted in the Dominion of Canada involving a reconstruction loan of $6,000,000 in 1921.

Navigation On Lakes Closes

Ottawa, Ont.—Navigation on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence River has ended for the season and Department of Marine officials stated the winding up of the inland waters traffic had been carried out with exceptional freedom from trouble.

Smaller Battleships Wanted

Paris, France.—A drive probably may be made in the world disarmament conference at Geneva in February to secure a reduction in the size of battleships.

Great Possibilities In Quota System

Views Of British Milling Head Criticized By Dr. Swanson

Charge of John Westcott, president of the National Association of British and Irish Millers, that the National Government's wheat quota system was "uneconomic, unsound and ill-advised," brought criticism from Dr. W. W. Swanson, professor of political economy at the University of Saskatchewan, in an interview at Toronto.

Canadian wheat exporters had never controlled the output of Canadian grains to an extent which would allow them to cause an increase in British market prices, he said. Allegations to that effect were, he declared, merely an effort to overshadow the attempts of British millers to undercut wheat prices.

"There are great possibilities in the wheat quota system, and I regard the strictures of Mr. Westcott as unreasonable and unfair," said Dr. Swanson.

"It is not surprising that Mr. Westcott has launched this assault upon the quota system, because for some considerable time the powerful British milling interests have been working behind the scenes to devise methods to limit the importations of Canadian and other Dominions' flour.

"Mr. Westcott's remarks about the alleged attempt of Canadian producers to victimize the British consumer are entirely beside the point in question," he continued, referring to cabled reports that the British milling head had charged that Canada two years ago had "withheld her supplies of wheat to a large extent in the hope of securing a better price."

"Following Mr. Westcott's views, he evidently thinks that Argentina and Soviet Russia have afforded better examples of wiser and fairer trading. Yet Argentina has passed through a revolution as a direct consequence of her policy, jeopardizing almost $3,000,000,000 of British capital in that country, while Canadian farmers lent the full weight of their support to British institutions, British industry and British trade. And with respect to Russia, Mr. Westcott's solicitude for open trading will not be received with acclaim by the British agricultural class which has been reduced to the brink of ruin by distressed Russian wheat, flax, barley, butter and other farm products."

How To Keep Going

Secret Is Not To Lose Interest In Life

The one fatal thing in life is to lose one's interest in it, and this is where the specialist, the man of one set of interests only, seriously handicaps himself in life's adventure. The Humanist alone, taking the term in its widest sense, seems to me to have the key. The vital force that keeps man going is not solely physical and material, it is spiritual as well, a certain ethical and intellectual attitude to life.—Sir Reginald Blomfield.

Swedes Using Air Mail

More than 5,000,000 letters were sent by the night air mail of the Swedish Aerotransport Company this year. According to Captain Carl Florman, president of the Aerotransport, this means an increase of nearly 100 per cent. over 1930. The night air mail service has just ended its fourth season.

Flying Not Banned

The Vatican, which in the past has frequently condemned such forms of women's recreation as shooting and hockey on the grounds that they are "damaging to ideals of womanly grace, modesty and health," has now given its approval to flying as a sport for women.

The world's richest emerald mines are in the Ural Mountains.

Irregular honesty is harder to manage than regular dishonesty.

"Do you know why Mowinckel wears red-striped braces?"
"No. Why?"
"To keep his trousers up!"—Vikingen, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1921

Should Adopt Canadian Way

India and South Africa Could Handle Communism Better

If India and South Africa adopted the Canadian attitude toward Communism and declare it illegal, those two units of the Empire, particularly India, would be subject to less internal trouble and discontent, according to Rev. Thomas Mahon, of London, England.

Mr. Mahon, who was in Toronto lecturing under auspices of the women of St. De La Salle Auxiliary, has spent many years travelling about the Empire, and described scenes he had witnessed in India that discredit the country as being civilized.

Gandhi he described as a saint inflated with his own importance and an overpowering sense of vanity.

"But saints are of a queer breed in India," he said. "One man whom India hailed as a saint, obtained his worshippers by covering a distance of 1,800 miles hand over heels. Another saint was a man who sat on a pedestal with his left arm extended in the air for five years. Really, the only thing like it I've seen is in the United States among the tree and flag-pole sitters."

"Instead of the Brahmins, England should have educated members of the agricultural class. Then the country would have developed into English India, a clean country.

"Gandhi and his followers have done nothing to improve the condition of the untouchables. Their main endeavour is directed against British rule. And it is this British rule that has given India her irrigation systems, her railways and bridges, saved her from famine, disease and internecine wars.

"There is little that England gets from India, but it will be an evil day for India if England quits the country."

Italian Relief Measures

Premier Mussolini Enunciates New Plan To Meet Present Situation

Premier Mussolini of Italy has ordered all Fascist relief organization to be open for business seven days a week and 12 hours a day, prepared to give assistance to all of Italy's needy.

It is the duty of every Italian, he said, to scale down his mode of living to fit the present conditions, to combat profiteering and to vanquish the spirit of defeat.

He outlined his new relief program at the installation of the new Fascist party directorate under Achille Starace, recently appointed secretary of the party, succeeding Giovanni Giuriati.

At the same time he deposed Caclo Scorza as head of the Fascist youth organization which was active in last summer's controversy over the Catholic action clubs. Both the Vatican and the Government have denied that these men were sacrificed in the interests of peace between church and state.

Troubles Of Seed Expert

Herman Trelle Complains Of Expenses In Connection With Winning Prizes

"All the public hears about me is of the championships I win. That is a fine thing as far as it goes, and I raise my stuff to win prizes, but I'm not a pot-hunter," declared Herman Trelle, of Wembley, Alberta, during an interview in Montreal. Trelle visited the eastern city following a successful visit to Chicago Livestock Exhibition, where he became wheat king for the third time.

"My real work is in seed experiments. The trouble with that is the cost. It needs large financial backing, and I've already sunk more than I can afford in that well," Trelle said.

He did not commit himself when asked if he saw any provincial or federal support in the offing.

London's Purchases

Among the purchases made last year by the London County Council were 10,000,000 eggs, 1,000,000 aspirin tablets, 10,000 tumblers, and 2,207,000 cigarettes. They also buy, on an average, 275 pigs a week.

"I called for a little light on the financial question," said the man to the rural editor.

"Well, you've struck the right place," said the editor. "If there is anything we are light on at the present time, it is the finances."

Doorkeeper (in public building)—Say come back. Dogs are not allowed in here, sir.
Visitor—That's not my dog.
Doorkeeper—Not your dog? Why he's following you.
Visitor—Well, so are you.

An ounce of fact is better than a pound of fancy.

Asylum For Universe

People On This Planet Doing Many Queer Things

Perhaps, after all, this planet really is the lunatic asylum for the rest of the universe—it burns cotton, destroys wheat, throws coffee into the sea or tries to use it as fuel for railway trains, and now there is a proposal in U.S.A. to destroy one-tenth of the country's milk cows "to prevent over-production." Reuter says that the Dairy Advisory Committee has submitted a report to the Farm Board pointing out that "herds have been increasing for four years, which will eventually lead to large surpluses and low prices despite recent increases in prices." So the remedy appears to be decimation, in the strict sense of a much-abused word, on the dairy farm; if Nature, that arch-dumper, persists in depositing more cows than commerce considers advisable one in ten will have to be destroyed—and that in a land where the workless are dependent on charity for the food to keep them alive. On top of the cotton, the corn, and the coffee the cows must now be earmarked for destruction—even while men in the cities beg their bread. Possibly the next stage will be a proposal to decimate—or, annihilate—the unemployed; why should man be allowed to overproduce himself when profusion in other spheres of nature is curbed by the economics of Colney Hatch?—From the Manchester Guardian, England.

Brave Long Winter Night

Eskimo Children Will Play Outside Regardless Of Time

Eskimo children who have endured the long continuous winter night will play outside regardless of time, in the midnight sun, until they fall down exhausted, writes Douglas S. Robertson in the Toronto Evening Telegram. Mr. Robertson accompanied the Canadian Arctic Expedition which annually goes north on the steamer "Beothic" to take in relief and supplies to the Mounted Police and the missionaries at Canada's outposts. He says the children are inclined to imitate their elders in sport. The boys have bows and arrows and the girls home-made dolls. An observer stated that he had seen an Eskimo boy sitting on a bit of driftwood on the seashore at Pond's Inlet with another bit of wood in his hands pretending to harpoon a seal. The children are quick of hand and eye. One youngster, juggling with seven pebbles, could keep six in the air at one time. Then the boys like to play with miniature dog whips, small sleds, and sometimes puppies harnessed up. Incidentally Eskimo youngsters will drink castor oil as though it were chocolate sundae, but they balk at salts.

Cause and Effect

The bore was talking of his travels once again.

"As I came out of that dense forest, I was confronted with a yawning chasm," he said.

"Was it yawning before it saw you?" asked one of the bored.

The route now in course of selection for the trans-Canada highway will be over 3,500 miles long, and will pass through all the provinces of the Dominion with the exception of Prince Edward Island.

A tire manufacturing company is experimenting on a commercial rubber with potato starch as its base.

War Debts Peril To World

Solution Of Problem Urgent Opinion Of General Smuts

Necessity for a final solution of the world debt problem is extremely urgent at the present time, said General Jan Christian Smuts, leader of the opposition in the Union Government, in an address at Cape Town, South Africa.

"If Germany defaults on her debts Great Britain is bound to follow sooner or later, and the fact had better be faced in time," he said.

"There is no use continuing this illusion of international debt and reparation payments which has upset international finance and poisoned international relations," he declared. "The time has come to end this dangerous farce. If we don't end it we may have social upheavals in which more than reparations and international debts may go by the board."

Greenland Air Route Not Yet Practical

Absolutely Reliable Engine Needed To Surmount Blizzards

Regular air routes from Europe to Canada over Greenland and the far-northern trail are impractical until engineers construct an absolutely reliable engine. This is the opinion of H. G. Watkins, leader of the British Arctic Air Route Expedition which spent 16 adventurous months in Greenland studying meteorlogical and topographical conditions.

"We had not one week without a blizzard making flying impossible," said Mr. Watkins. The blizzards, however, were confined to the lower strata and 'planes equipped for high flying probably could escape them. The machines would have to be equipped with three or four engines of a minimum speed of 200 miles an hour. Floats and emergency gear for landing in snow would have to be carried, said the youthful Arctic explorer.

Origin Of Word "Sincere"

Comes From Roman "Sine Cera" Meaning Without Cement

When a Roman ordered a marble statue, he put into the contract the words "sine cera," "without wax or cement"; for dishonest Greek sculptors had a trick of filling in the flaws in a statue with cement that looked like marble. From this we get our English word "sincere." When we sign a letter "Yours sincerely," we mean "Yours without cement," "without sham."

His Claim To Fame

Charles Ramberg, of Owen, Wisconsin, who recently celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday, arrived in the United States when he was 14 years old with only 15 cents in his pocket. His claim to fame is that in three-quarters of a century he never has been in debt, never has been ill, and never taken medicine.

Lipton's Joke

A Boston man who was a fellow passenger of the late Sir Thomas Lipton crossing the Atlantic last year says that Sir Thomas remarked to him quizzically: "I always had a high regard for the people of Boston. They saw the tea wasn't Lipton's and they threw it overboard."

During 1930, 479,554,392 gallons of gasoline were consumed by motor vehicles in Canada.

Cleaning Out Couch Grass

One Of Hardest Problems Farmer Has To Tackle

The eradication of couch grass, otherwise known as quack, twitch or scutch grass, is one of the hardest problems with which the farmer has to deal. Few people realize the enormous quantity of couch grass roots which exist in infested soil. Tests conducted by the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa, show weights of roots ranging from 1,531 to 6,997 pounds to the acre—as much as a heavy crop of hay. No wonder it is hard to clean out when it spreads by roots as well as seed. Thoroughly cleaning out of the roots is the one effective way of getting rid of couch. In small areas this may be done by hand. In larger areas by shallow ploughing and working thoroughly with the cultivator to keep the roots turned up to the sun long enough for them to "kill." Only as large an area as can be thoroughly cleaned up at one time should be undertaken, as half-way measures are only lost time and effort.

Depends On Climate

Canadian-Grown Red Clover Best Seed For Canadian Conditions

That climate has a great deal to do with the success or failure of red clover under Canadian conditions and that red clover seed produced in Canada is really best has again been conclusively demonstrated at the Federal Experimental Farm at Nappan, N.S. In these tests, first made eight years ago, four Southern European strains averaged 1.91 tons of hay per acre while five Canadian strains produced an average of 2.6 tons per acre. Again in 1927 five Southern European lots produced only 0.98 tons per acre average as compared with an average of 3.2 tons per acre from four Canadian strains. In a third series of tests more recently completed the yield averages show the same contrasts, the Canadian strains producing well over three tons to the acre. Canadian-grown seed is decidedly the best for producing red clover under Canadian conditions.

Hole In North Sea Floor

Between Scotland and Sweden Is 780 Feed Deep

It has been discovered that the floor of the North Sea has a deep hole in it.

This hole lies between Scotland and Sweden, and is no less than 780 feet deep. Before its discovery the floor was supposed to be a plain, with undulations varying in depth from 38 to 50 fathoms. Trawlers are warned of the hole because trawls get lost by fishermen who are unaware of its existence. The sides are very steep.

The depression has received the name of the Devil's Hole. It lies close to where the mouth of the Rhine opened in the pre-glacial epoch, when the North Sea was land.

Derby House For Sale

Lord Derby has decided to sell "Derby House" in Stratford Place, a few hundred yards off Oxford Circus, London, England. Scene of many brilliant functions, Derby House was built in 1775 and was purchased by the present owner in 1909. It probably will be used for some commercial purpose. In recent years, Lord Derby has realized nearly $15,000,000 by selling parts of his large estate.

Among the foods eaten in Hawaii are 70 different kinds of seaweeds.

Left Good Example

Laurier Was Great Man Because He Served His Country

Sir Wilfrid Laurier died leaving a name as one of the great men of his country. It wasn't because he made millions but because he served Canada.

Visiting the place where he lived in his early days as a lawyer, Arthabaska, Que., a writer found "all whom I met where Sir Wilfrid was best known and loved, united in saying that he cared little or nothing for money or material things, but lived in the mind and in the spirit. In this surely we are greatly in need of emulating his example in these days, when so many of our material idols are toppling to the ground in ruin and confusion."

In the search for wealth which has raged, and we suppose will continue to rage as long as there is a Canada and an America and a world, men have thought almost wholly of self. Canada with them was only a place to make money out of and not as with Laurier a country to serve. We are not deprecating personal wealth that is treated as a trust to be used for the building up and betterment of the country, but that wealth which is hoarded and is the idol of too many lives. Wealth that men are far from ethical in the means of obtaining and using, isn't making Canada any better or enabling the possessor to enjoy the good estimation of his fellows. A lot of Canada's recent financial messes are due to the "get rich quick" methods of a class whose concern for Canada is nothing but whose selfishness is largely responsible for many of our present problems. Laurier thought of life differently, and the people raised monuments to show their admiration for his service to his country. The other class will be forgotten before the earth is spread over their caskets except by those they have ruined by their grasping, greedy methods.—Lethbridge Herald.

China's Largest City

Shanghai Now Has Population Of Nearly Three Million

Many years ago, Captain Robert Dollar, the shipping magnate, predicted that Shanghai would become the largest city in China, and he intimated that it was destined eventually to become the largest city in the Orient. As far as China is concerned, his forecast has already become true, for it now has a population of about 2,700,000, the largest in China. In its international and French concessions alone there are more than 1,100,000 people. One of the interesting features of Shanghai is the successful functioning of a large bank founded by Chinese women, known as the Women's Commercial & Savings Bank. Many men are patrons of the bank. It specializes in savings accounts. With a force of 40 Chinese women, the bank does a large commercial business.

Red Used For Danger

Because Color Does Not Merge Into Its Surroundings

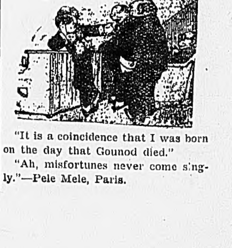
If a lamp covered with red glass showed up for a distance of 700 yards, it would only show for 500 yards with green glass, only 200 with yellow, and still less with blue or purple.

Because red is so conspicuous it has been widely selected as the color to indicate danger. All other colors have a tendency to merge into their surroundings and become lost, but red never does.

Sturgeon Is Big Fish

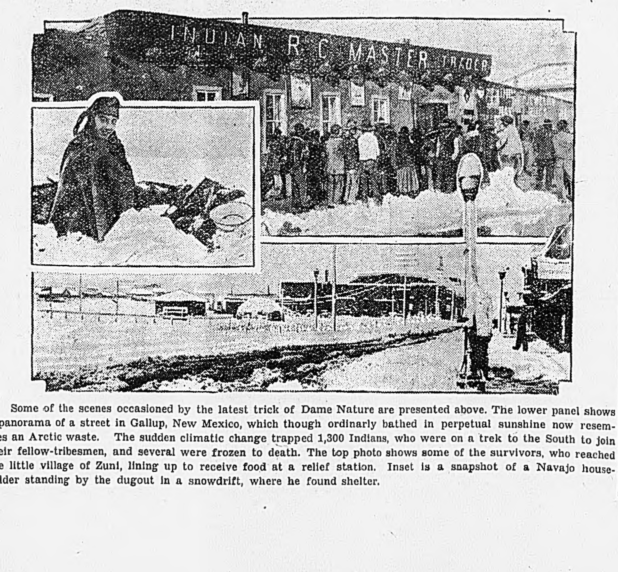
The biggest sturgeon in the Great Lakes weighs 200 pounds or more and measures as much as eight feet in length, which accounts for the fact that they are sometimes excitedly thought to be sea serpents.

According to the latest figures issued by the Dominion Government, the saw-milling industry comes first among Canadian industries with regard to the number of persons employed.



"It is a coincidence that I was born on the day that Gounod died."
"Ah, misfortunes never come singly."—Pele Mele, Paris.

WHERE NATURED PLAYED A TRAGIC PRANK



Some of the scenes occasioned by the latest trick of Dame Nature are presented above. The lower panel shows a panorama of a street in Gallup, New Mexico, which though ordinarly bathed in perpetual sunshine now resembles an Arctic waste. The sudden climatic change trapped 1,300 Indians, who were on a trek to the South to join their fellow-tribesmen, and several were frozen to death. The top photo shows some of the survivors, who reached the little village of Zuni, lining up to receive food at a relief station. Inset is a snapshot of a Navajo house-holder standing by the dugout in a snowdrift, where he found shelter.

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —
MARGARET PEDLER
Author Of
"The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit Of Far End."
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued

Jean's heart gave a violent throb, and the laughter went suddenly out of her voice as she repeated blankly: "To forget Montavan?"

"Please. I said—and did—a few mad things that day we spent together. It was to be an uncounted day, you know, and—oh, well, the air of the Alps is heady! I want you to forgive me—and to blot out all remembrance of it."

He seemed to speak with some effort, yet each word was uttered deliberately, searing its way into her consciousness like a red-hot iron.

The curt, difficultly spoken sentences could only signify one thing—that he had meant nothing, not even good, honest comradeship, that day at Montavan. He had merely been amusing himself with a girl whom he never expected to meet again, and now that circumstances had so unexpectedly brought them together he was clearly anxious that she should be under no misapprehension in the matter.

Jean's pride writhed beneath the insult of it. It was as though he feared she might make some claim upon his regard and had hastened to warn her, almost in so many words, not to set a fictitious value upon anything that had occurred between them. The glamour was indeed torn from her stolen day on the mountains! The whole memory of it, above all, the memory of that pulsing moment of farewell, would henceforth be soiled and vulgarized—converted into a rather sordid little episode which she would have gladly blotted out from amongst the concrete happenings of life.

The feminine instinct against self-betrayal whipped her into quick speech.

"I've no wish to forget that you practically saved my life," she said. "I shall always"—lightly—"feel very much obliged for that."

"You exaggerate my share in the matter," he replied carelessly. "You would have extricated yourself from your difficulties without my assistance, I have no doubt. Or, more truly"—with a short laugh—"you would never have got into them."

He said no more, but let out the car and they shot forward into the gathering dusk. Presently they approached a pair of massive iron gates admitting to the manor drive, and as these were opened in response to a shrill hoot from Tormarin's horn the car swung round into an avenue of elms, the bare boughs, interlacing overhead, making a black network against the moonlit sky.

Still in silence they approached the house, its dim grey bulk, looming indeterminately through the evening mist, studded here and there with a glowing shield of orange from some unshaded window, and almost before Tormarin had pulled up the car, the front door flew open and a white riband of light streamed out from the hall behind.

Jean was coscious of two or three figures grouped in the open doorway, dark against the welcoming blaze of light, then one of them detached itself from the group and hastened forward with outstretched hands.

"Here you are at last!"

For an instant Jean hesitated, doubtful as to whether the speaker could be Lady Anne. The voice which addressed her was so amazingly young—clear and full of vitality like the voice of a girl. Then the light flickered on to hair as white as if it had been powdered, and she realized that this surprisingly young voice must belong to her hostess.

"I was so sorry I could not meet you at the station myself," continued Lady Anne, leading the way into the house. "But a tiresome visitor turned up—one of those people who never know when it's time to go—and I simply couldn't get away without forcibly ejecting her."

In the fuller light of the hall, Jean discerned in Lady Anne's appearance something of that same quality of inherent youth apparent in her voice. The keen, humorous grey eyes beneath their black, arched brows were alertly vivacious, and the quite white hair served to enhance, rather than otherwise, the rose-leaf texture of her skin. Many a much younger woman had envied Lady Anne her complexion; it was so obviously genuine, owing nothing at all to art.

"And now"—Jean felt herself pulled gently into the light—"let me have a good look at you. Oh, yes!"—Lady Anne laughed amusedly—"you have just his chin with that delicious little cleft in it. But your eyes and hair are Jacqueline's." She leaned forward a little and kissed Jean warmly. "My dear, you're very welcome at Staple. There is nothing I could have wished more than to have you here—except that you could have prevailed upon Glyn to bring you himself."

"When you have quite finished going into the ancestral details of Miss Peterson's features, madonna, perhaps you will present me."

Lady Anne laughed good-humouredly.

"Oh, this is my pushful younger son, Jean. (I'm certainly going to call you Jean without asking whether I may!) You've already made acquaintance with Blaise. This is Nick."

Nick Brennan was as unlike his half-brother as he could possibly be—tall, and fair, and blue-eyed, with a perfectly charming smile and an air of not having a care in the world. Jean concluded he must resemble closely the dead Claude Brennan, since, except for a certain family similarity in cut of feature, he bore little resemblance to his mother.

"Blaise has had an hour's start of me in getting into your good graces, Miss Peterson," he said, shaking hands. "I consider it very unfair, but of course I had to be content — as usual—with the younger son's portion."

Jean liked him at once. His merry, lazy blue eyes smiled friendship at her, and she felt sure they should get on together. She could not imagine Nick "glooming" about the world, as one of the women at the hotel had declared his half-brother did.

It occurred to her that it would simplify matters if both he and Lady Anne were made aware at once of her former meeting with Blaise, so she took the opportunity offered by Nick's speech.

"He's had more than that," she said gaily. "Mr. Tormarin and I had already met before—at Montavan."

"At Montavan?" Lady Anne gave vent to an ejaculation of amused impatience. "If we had only known! Blaise could have accompanied you back and saved you all the bothersome details of the journey. But we had no idea where he was. He went off in his usual way"—smiling a shade ruefully—"merely condescending to inform his yearning family that he was going abroad 'for a few weeks.'" Then, as Tormarin, having surrendered the car to chauffeur, joined the group in the hall, she turned to him and continued with a faint note of expostulation in her voice: "You never told us you had already met Miss Peterson, Blaise."

"I didn't know it myself till I found her marooned on the platform at Coombe Eavie," he returned. His eyes, meeting Jean's, flickered with brief amusement as he added nonchalantly: "I did not catch Miss Peterson's name when we met at Montavan."

"No, we were not formally introduced," supplemented Jean. "But Mr. Tormarin was obliging enough to pull me out of an eight-foot deep snowdrift up in the mountains so we allowed that to count instead."

"What luck!" exclaimed Nick with fervour.

"Yes, it was rather," agreed Jean. "To be smothered in a snowdrift isn't exactly the form of extinction I should choose."

"Oh, I meant luck for Blaise," explained Nick. "Opportunities of playing knight-errant are few and far between nowadays"—regretfully.

They all laughed, and then Lady Anne carried Jean off upstairs.

Here she found that a charming bedroom, with a sitting-room connecting, had been allotted her—"so that you'll have a den of your own to take refuge in when you're tired of us," as Lady Anne explained.

Jean felt touched by the kindly thought. It takes the understanding hostess to admit frankly that a guest may sometimes crave for the solitude of her own company—and to see that she can get it.

The rooms which were to constitute Jean's personal domain were delightfully decorated, old-world tapestries and some beautiful old prints striking just the right note in conjunction with the waxen-smooth mahogany of Chippendale. From the bedroom, where a maid was already busying herself unstrapping the traveller's manifold boxes, there opened off a white-tiled bathroom frankly and hygienically modern, and here Jean was soon splashing joyfully. By the time she had finished her bath and dressed for dinner she felt as though the fatigue of the journey had slipped from her like an outworn garment.

The atmosphere at dinner was charmingly informal, and presently, when the meal was at an end, the party of four adjourned into the hall for coffee. As Jean's eyes roved round the old-fashioned, raftered place, she was conscious of a little intimate thrill of pleasure. With its walls panelled in Jacobean oak, and its open hearth where a roaring fire of logs sent blue and green flames leaping up into the chimney's cavernous mouth, it reminded her of the great dining-hall at Beirnfels. But here there was a pleasant air of English cosiness, and it was obvious that at Staple the hall had been adopted as a living-room and furnished with an eye to comfort. There were wide, cushioned window-seats, and round the hearth clustered deep, inviting chairs, while everywhere were the little, pleasant, home-like evidences — an open book flung down here, a piece of unfinished needlework there — of daily use and occupation.

(To Be Continued).

Doctor: "How are you?"
Patient: "That is what I have come to find out."—Pele Mele, Paris.

W. N. U. 1931

Italy Building Huge Refrigerator Plants

To Accommodate Export Trade In Fruits and Vegetables

Refrigerating plants are soon to be built in three cities of Italy — Milan, Bologna and Palermo—to accommodate its continually growing export trade in fruit and vegetables. They will be elliptical in shape and will be divided into three concentric zones the manoeuvring room (in the centre), the circle of refrigerating rooms (intermediate) and the unloading gallery.

The manoeuvring room is to be fitted with an electrically operated turntable for bringing in and distributing the refrigerating cars. The circle of refrigeration is divided radially into eight galleries for cars and into as many more for the conservation and pre-refrigeration of goods. The unloading gallery consists of a covered roof, over which vehicles can pass for unloading.

Taxed For Background

French State Property Not Free For Camera Users

The father of a little girl, taking pictures of his daughter the other day in the Parc de Versailles with a miniature movie camera, had a surprise. He had hardly finished, when a park keeper came up to him demanding twenty francs (80 cents). Protests were in vain. Park regulations, as he afterward saw them on the wall in the local police station, were clear. Twenty francs must be paid every time photographs are taken on state property with a small movie camera. Similar regulations apply also to photographs taken by ordinary cameras in all parks and gardens in Paris, which constitute national property. But in this case the tax is reduced to two francs for one photograph and five for several. However, these fees are not often collected.

Friend Knew Him

He was well known to his friends for his weakness for extravagant living and a distinct aversion to paying anybody when he could possibly avoid it; and the other day, having taken and furnished a somewhat sumptuous flat, he invited some of his friends to dinner.

"Don't you think," he asked, proudly, as he was showing them round the place, "that it's rather nicely furnished? Don't you consider I deserve great credit for it?"

"You do," remarked one of the party, dryly, "and I should imagine you've got it, too."

Worked As Deckhand

After girdling the world alone, travelling most of the time on a British freighter, where she worked at odd jobs in the engine room, Miss Winifred Howard, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Henry Howard, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York, returned on the Cunard steamer "Alaunia" after an absence of more than six months.

The best way to raise the price of an article is to have it become very cheap first. Then everybody will stop producing it.

There are about 130 different religions practiced in the United States.

Veteran Purser Will Travel

Wants To See Something Besides Ports On Pacific

"Travel and see the world," that's what Ernest Syder, veteran purser of the Canadian Pacific's newest and biggest Pacific liner, the "Empress of Japan," intends to do when he retires January 1, after 37 years at sea. Not that he hasn't seen something of the world. In 31 years with the "White Empress" fleet, it is estimated he has sailed something like 2,600,000 miles in about 217 round trips between Vancouver and Manila Bay.

Nearly 62 years of age, the veteran purser who has rubbed elbows with the King and Queen of Siam and other royal personages during his long career, is looking forward to a real "busman's holiday" next year. "I suppose I've seen practically everything on the Pacific," he said, "but there are other parts of the world to visit and I hope to get to most of them."

Armed with a movie camera — a hobby for many years—he intends to invade Australia, Africa and Europe, pushing his way leisurely around the globe.

Born in Cheshire, England, Ernest Syder went to sea at Liverpool as an apprentice in sail, intending eventually to write for a master's ticket. Faulty eyesight, however, interfered with his plan and he transferred to the purser's department, first sailing on the Pacific on the old "Braemar," out of Seattle to the Far East.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

—By Aline Michaelis—

A CELEBRITY'S DIARY

She names them all, the books she read,
The tale of her work and play,
The cities she saw as the swift years sped,
Her journeyings far away.

She wrote them there for the world to read,
In the years to come, maybe;
Her story of struggle, of want, of need,
Of courage and constancy.

She left a record of fame's bright blaze,
Of stirring and strange events,
Aglimpse of her crowded, colorful days
Of life, full-brimmed, intense.

But, search as we will, we do not find
A hint of her dreams revealed;
She bared the ways of her splendid mind,
But her soul was a room concealed.

In the end she left for the world to see
Of her life but the lesser part;
She told of her triumphs and victory,
But not of her woman's heart.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is an excellent medicine to destroy worms.

Results Are Satisfactory

Barley Ration Produces High Grade Of Bacon and Beef

There is practically no limit to the production of barley in Canada and recent tests show that it produces better bacon and beef than other grains. It is proving fully the equal of corn when fed with suitable supplements in the form of home-grown leguminous roughages. Barley can be used in almost any proportion of the grain ration up to one hundred per cent. As a hog feed it develops an entirely satisfactory class of bacon, which is more than can be said for corn fed in equal proportions, and as a feed for beef cattle barley is undoubtedly one of the best of our Canadian-grown coarse grains. The increased use of barley and other coarse grains at their present low price levels will make for much better quality in the beef being marketed, and this in turn will help create a demand for more beef.—Department of Agriculture.

Prince Has Modern Phone

The Prince of Wales is one of the latest users of the dial telephone. For years the number of York House, the Prince's residence, was on the Regent exchange, but owing to rearrangement of exchanges consequent on the adoption of the automatic system, York House now has a Whitehall number. Dial telephones have been installed and members of the Prince's staff taught how to use them.

In ancient times the seventh child of a seventh child was credited with supernatural powers.

Says Canada Strong In Day Of Trial

Bank Of Montreal Heads Review Situation At Bank's Annual Meeting

In the speeches of Sir Charles Gordon, president, and Jackson Dodds, joint general manager, at the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal, comment was made on the inherent strength being exhibited by Canada in the face of world depression, especially in regard to the banking structure of the country. Sir Charles while declining to prophesy as to the immediate outlook said that taking the long view "There is every reason to look forward with confidence to emerging stronger and more prosperous than ever from the conditions that now prevail," and Mr. Dodds remarked, "It would be rash indeed to speak with assurance of the prospects of the coming year, but it is surely permissible to say that when international confidence and co-operation are restored, and commerce in consequence improves, Canada will be among the first to benefit."

Sir Charles Gordon made particular reference to the manner in which the low price levels have affected farming, lumbering, mining, and newsprint manufacture, remarking in regard to the latter that there was reason to believe that a better condition was being ushered in by the profit arising from the premium on New York funds and from consolidation of companies for the purpose of reducing overhead expense and effecting more economical distribution of the product.

While expressing the opinion that Canada's large foreign obligations would tend to prevent an early return of the Canadian dollar to par, he said he had no doubt that it would return to par. As factors already working to that end he remarked that the adverse balance of trade had been reduced and that in the five months to October 31st last there was each month an excess of domestic exports over imports.

Jackson Dodds, joint General Manager with W. A. Bog, in presenting the balance sheet reviewed the progress made by the Bank during the fiscal year. Remarking that "we should be thankful that we in Canada are as well off as we are," he said business, nevertheless, was at a low ebb, and a halt must be called to mounting expenditures by federal, provincial and municipal authorities, as these only aggravated the situation. Referring to the fact that the downward movement of prices had reached, record levels during the year, he pointed out the impotence of a Central Bank in maintaining a stable price level as demonstrated by United States experience. Concluding, he urged the adoption of a policy by which as many unemployed as possible will be made self-supporting by placing them on the land.

British Women Fliers

Five Hold License As Commercial Pilots For Hire

Seven years of private flying have established the Englishwoman as a noteworthy air pilot. Miss Amy Johnson, of Australia, solo fame; Miss Winnifred Spooner, winner of numerous open races; Lady Bailey, lone air tourist of Africa, and Mrs. Victor Bruce, who flew solo to Japan, are Britain's best known women fliers.

A number of titled women such as the Duchess of Bedford, own private aeroplanes and do most of their travelling throughout Great Britain and the Continent by air.

A check showed that women pilots on October 1 held 112 Air Ministry "A" licenses, entitling the holder to pilot an aeroplane outside the immediate precincts of the aerodrome. Five women possess the "B" license, which permits the holder to fly as a commercial pilot for hire.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is a quick, certain remedy for Hoof Rot or Thrush. Four or five applications are usually enough.

Russia Planning Ranches

Soviets Consider Purchase Of Pure Bred Stock In U.S.

Not content with buying several hundred beef bulls in Great Britain every year for the past two or three the Soviet Government is now considering the purchase of pure bred stock in the United States. Representatives of the Amtorg, or Russia's buying organization in New York, are now making a survey of the pure bred beef cattle raising areas of the middle western states with a view to purchasing considerable numbers. It is claimed that a tremendous program of state cattle ranches is planned, where beef cattle would be raised under a management similar to the community wheat farms.

Fewer U.S. Visas Issued

Only 950 immigration visas were issued by United States immigration officials during October in 21 countries whose annual quotas total 148,383. Among the non-quota countries, 607 visas were issued in Canada, a reduction of 83 per cent. from the average.

Egypt, Arabia and India are in the same latitude as Florida.

Little Helps For This Week

"Let the Lord do that which is good in His sight."—1 Chronicles xix. 13.

Our one sure safety we reject and miss,
When once we make our good the test of His.
His final ends surpass our feeble sense,
His plan is greater than our preference.
Who told us we had any right to bliss?
Our tears are but our arrogant conceit,—
Two things that grow and yield the sweetest sweet;
The lofty cocoa-palm and sugar-cane
As well on waters salt as on fresh rain
Will thrive, and in their sap and fruit complete
No lurking taste of bitter will remain.
—H. H.

Rest satisfied that whatever is by the appointment of Heaven is right, is best.—James Hervey.

I found it better for my soul to be humble before the mysteries of God's dealings, and not be making a clatter about what I could never understand. —George Elliott.

Orders Special Machines

Cleveland Firm Supplying Mailing Equipment To British Government

The largest order ever awarded on addressing and mailing equipment was received by the Addressograph-Multigraph Corporation, which announced receipt of a contract for 629 special machines from the British Government. President Joseph E. Rogers said it was the initial order to equip 1,500 postal offices in Great Britain in 1932. Specific cost of the order has been estimated to approach $1,000,000.

Seems Much Better

Nothing is more astonishing to physicians, one of them declares, than the complete disappearance in one generation of fainting by girls and women. Various explanations are offered, the most plausible being that it is now considered proper, and far more pleasant, to fall into a young man's arms while in full consciousness.

Coffee is the largest single item on the foreign trade list of foods of the United States.

BONZO - - - By Studdy

Miss Margaret Young, of Hanna, accompanied by her friend, Miss Gaullie, of the same place, will spend the Xmas vacation at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Young.

Mr. and Mrs Berry will celebrate their 50th wedding anniversary at the home of their daughter, Mrs. R D Vannook, Christmas day. The "Advance" extends congratulations.

Mrs. M C. Nicholson left Thursday morning to spend Xmas with her son, St. Clair and family at Calgary.

J. D. Stewart left Thursday morning for Calgary where he will spend the winter with his family.

Vincent Rideout, who has been attending Normal school, returned Tuesday morning to spend the vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rideout.

The little dressed pig that has been on display in the Chinook meat market window certainly proved that Mr. Petersen understands his trade and will, no doubt, be much admired and appreciated by the Edmonton recipient.

Master Billie Youell is visiting his father before Xmas. Mr. Youell and Billie left on Friday morning to spend the holiday with the rest of the family at Calgary. Don't forget, Mr. Youell, that "all roads lead back to Chinook.

Willie Thompson, who has been attending Normal school at Calgary, returned Tuesday to spend the Christmas vacation with his mother, Mrs. G. Thompson.

Annual Curlers'

Dance

Thursday

December 31

New Year's Eve.

— AT —

Chinook

Peppy Music by Chinook Orchestra. Good Time Assured

Gents, 50c. Ladies, 25c.

Heard Around Town

Girl wanted for housework Apply to O. Nelson, Chinook.

Harry, when does two geese make one goose? Rememem ber there's a $5 00 reward

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Dawson returned Tuesday from a trip which took them as far as Rocky Mountain House.

We are sorry that a number of local news items and outside correspondence was crowded out this issue, but will appear in next week's issue.

Thanks to Capt. Peters, he has at least stirred up a live wire correspondent who makes a very fitting reply in this week's issue to the Captain's remarks in his address to the Collholme council.

Mr. and Mrs W. Meade left Wednesday morning for Bellvue, Alberta, where they will spend the next few weeks visiting relatives and friends

The Chinook Consolidated Xmas school concert held on Tuesday, December 22, was a huge success as was al so the dance given by the local orchestra after the entertainment was over. Owing to lack of space, will give a fuller report in next week's issue.

For the past six weeks at least in the Chinook district, we have had perfect winter weather with a nice carpet of snow. It has been bright, snappy weather with no storms.

Keep in mind the curlers' annual dance New Year's eve. A good time is guaranteed.

By order of the president, Capt. Peters of the Chinook Chamber of Commerce, all officers, board of directors and all members are respectfully requested, who are in a position during the festival sea son, to attend a social gather ing together with their wives and families, to attend a social farewell to one of our members, J. G. Connell, in the dining room of the Acadia hotel, Monday evening, Decem ber 28th, at 10 p m. Please do not fail to attend.

Chamber of Commerce Hold Last Meeting in 1931

The Chinook Chamber of Commerce assembled for the last time this year in the Acadia hotel dining room on Monday evening. All officers answered the roll call with the exception of 2nd. vice-president, W. Martens. Minutes of previous meeting were approved as read.

A communication was read from the C N. Town Properties, Winnipeg, re unsubdivided land required for the new road extension as proposed by the Chamber of Commerce.

The best of wishes and the holiday greeting was extended to the Chinook Chamber of Commerce by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, Montreal

Advertisements for the day of the Chamber meeting, town of Chinook, and also tourist camp, (which is to be established this summer), were ordered to be drafted and published in the Blue route map, which has a circulation of over 50,000.

The committee appointed re petition No. 1 and No 2 routes for the extension of the road leading from the main high way, stated the petition, as drawn up was "out of order." They were instructed to have it rectified and proceed with securing signers and make their report at next Chamber meeting, Monday, January 4, 1932.

It was decided to establish a tourist camp this summer. Location to be decided later on.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Connell for his kindness in donating the spacious dining room of the hotel for the free use of the Chamber of Commerce to hold their meetings in

The President, in drawing the meeting to a close, wished all officers and members a happy and merry Christmas and an abundance of prosperity during the year 1932.

A Merry Christmas
and a
Happy and Prosperous
New Year
is my sincerest wish to all
Capt. C. O. Peters

Correspondence

Chinook, Alta,
Dec. 17, 1931

To the Editor of the Chinook Advance:

In the Chinook "Advance" of the 10th of December last, under the heading "President of Chinook Chamber of Commerce vis its Collholme Council" Captain Peters gave an address and in some of his remarks he critized the farmers of the district on the way which they conducted their farming operations and the appearance of the buildings, etc.

The writer does not wish to raise any contencious point, but thinks perhaps the Captain is not well enough informed as to agricultural conditions in this district, owing to the fact that he is not a farmer and has resided less than three months in this province.

To enlighten Capt Peters, I would like to bring to his notice that this district was settled over twenty years ago by perhaps the finest class of settlers that has ever homesteaded in western Canada, the majority with a view of developing the country and making homes for themselves and families. It was making slow, but sure, progress when the war unfortunately occurred; then the Dominion government advised the farmers to grow more wheat and help win the war. This, with the increased price of wheat and and other farm products, encouraged more development of the farms. Credit was easy to get—banks liberal with their loans—mortgage companies advising settlers to put mortgages on their land they had patent too, and implement agents working overtime, with the result that every farmer was overburdened with debt; then a period of dry years, '17, '18 and '19; some farms not producing enough grain for seed during those years, labor at its highest peak, repairs for machinery, living, clothes costing more, taxation increasing, interest being compounded, then peace was declared, Prices for farm products, more especially wheat, decreased more than 100 per cent. in a short time, more dry years, settlers already overburdened with debts and mortgages, etc, began to leave this part of the province. They were neither lazy or negligent; the amount of land they had under cultivation proved that, and, if Capt. Peters had pioneered with them—travelling 60 to a 100 miles to the nearest town for supplies, etc., digging rocks, driving bulls on the plough, fighting mosquitoes, heat, wind, and dust, he would have thought before making criticism of these settlers. Some of us, who still had faith in the district and were financially able, carried on, Then the wheat pool was incepted, prices for farm products and wheat advanced; good crops in '27 and '28 enabled some of us to pay part of our indebtedness, and also to replace worn out machinery, and a number to build new houses, repair, and, in a good many cases, paint old ones. Then, the present economic depression began to make itself felt; this with hail, and drought, low prices for farm products, conditions, (which I think the Captain will agree with me, that no farmer can control) is responsible for the condition of the farmers in the Chinook district to-day. They have no desire to come a charge on any organization or municipal district, but, what can they do? No bank credit, merchants cannot continue to carry them, fuel, clothes and medical attendance have to be obtained from somewhere.

The writer, who is perhaps more conversant with conditions in the district than most people, will congratulate the settlers for the way in which they coped with conditions; economizing wherever possible, making the farm more self-sustaining, working harder and endeavoring to reduce operating expenses This is the spirit, Capt. Peters, we should encourage, and, with the return of better enocomic conditions, no doubt they will have the wherewithall to purchase paint, nails and lumber to improve the appearance of their farms, and thus play their part in building up the community and district.

A FARMER.

The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter.

All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

The subscription rates to The Advance are $1.50 per annum in Canada and $2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in The advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, $1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the ratepayers of Chinook Consolidated S.D., No. 16, will be held in the school on

Saturday Afternoon
January 9th, 1932
at one p.m.

for the purpose of hearing the reports for the year, discussing the affairs of the district, and electing the trustees required.

Signed on behalf of the Board
LORNE PROUDFOOT,
Secretary

ATTENTION!

For sale. One fresh milk cow one high grade Ayrshire dairy cow, cream tested 4 6, one yearling bull calf, Shorthorn, two young sows, good type.

W. H. Davis,
36 27 8w 4

Re-new your subscription NOW

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern	$ .39
2 Northern	.34
3 Northern	.30
No. 4	.28
No. 5	.24
No. 6	.24
Feed	.24

OATS

2 C. W.	.18
3 C. W.	.15
Feed	.15

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter
Eggs

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district Send it in.

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m.
Sunday Dec. 27 service at 7 30 p.m.

Come and enjoy the services with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC
Service Second Sunday Every Month, Mass at 9 a.m.

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Wishing our customers and friends the compliments of the season

M. L. CHAPMAN .·. Chinook

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